# THE DOCTRINE OF ADDAI INTERLINEAR ARAMAIC-ENGLISH TEXT 

Annotated and translated from the Comprehensive Aramaic Lexicon online text by: Preacher Mattai

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THE DOCTRINE OF ADDAI

## Introduction

## The Comprehensive Aramaic Lexicon (CAL) Text

The Aramaic text for Addai is from the Aramaic text found on the Comprehensive Aramaic Lexicon's website. The errors in any Aramaic word spelling are either caused by the copyist posting onto the internet or an original error in the source document. The errors are in the text as of 2020 but may be corrected on their website later.

The source Aramaic Text on (CAL) is from the document in the British Museum, and is listed as "MS." in George Phillips', D.D. Book. The CAL Code $/ \# 2 \# /$ is a reference to an imperfect Aramaic Document that doesn't contain even half of the entire Aramaic text of Addai. That document is impaired and in a mutilated condition. It's labeled as "Cureton (C.)," after Dr. Cureton, by George Phillips. Many of its variant(s) or omissions(s) are corruptions. However, some are correct. It's unknown if any of the additions are correct though. The CAL Code /\#3\#/ is a reference to a third Aramaic Manuscript with variant(s) or addition(s) in relation to the "Syriac Text" by Mr. Phillips - i.e. (PST).

## KEY / CAL CODE

$\left.\vdash_{\text {___ }}\right\}^{*}=$ text deleted in manuscript
"__» = text added in manuscript
/__ = variant
$\{\ldots\}=$ text deleted by editor
$<\ldots>=$ text added by editor
\#__ or \#__ = source of variant
[__] = broken text

* (CAL) puts this code as: $\{\{\ldots\}\}$
$\backslash=$ marker of beginning of multi-words variant


## ERRATA:

An error in printing or writing. A list of corrected errors appended to a book or published in a subsequent issue of a journal.

George Phillips appended the following ERRATA (errors) in the Appendix at the end of his book. They were found later after his Syriac Text was typed and printed.




## Fifth or Sixth Century Collation of a Leaf in the British Museum, Numbered 14,654, f. 32:

This Collation has word variants or word omissions of the same Syriac Text base in (PST). The leaf contains the same Protonike Story - from (Addai 12:16-15:1).

## Manuscripts \#3\# and \#S\#:

George Phillips doesn't list [give] the variants [additions, omissions] to his Syriac Text from those sources. However, (CAL) does.

## Pronunciation

The Aramaic pronunciation of the Aramaic text is the Chaldean pronunciation.

## Aramaic Grammar

Sometimes the Estrangela Script won't show the reader when the letter Beth has a "w" or "b" sound when a verb is conjugated. This is especially true when the Beth is voweled with the "a" or "i" vowel. Suppose you have a verb like بيج (ithiw) "he sat." The Beth originally has a "w" sound at the end of this word. If it is conjugated in such a way where the first syllable closes and the Beth begins the next syllable; then it will have a hard "b" sound (examples: نَّثبـ, "sitting" [Matt.
 [Matt. 27:10]) . However, this rule doesn't apply if the verb starts with an e (ai-yin) (example: يُجְְ:"she did" [Matt. 26:10]). Or when a letter is suppressed (example:

closed syllable (examples: يمذبه, "they shall touch" [Matt. 14:36], محتيحه "being left" [Matt. 23:38]). Finally, it also doesn't apply to words beginning with "yod or nun; because the " y " and " n " will disappear in a conjugation - making a two letter root. A few examples include: يمجبه "they shall take" (Matt. 16:5), يمجo, "you will receive" (Matt. 21:22) and, يُجִם, "they shall sit" (Matt. 20:21). An irregular word would be: ميجْنـجب, "thinking" (Matt. 16:8), etc. -

## Hebrew / Aramaic Names

I have generally given the correct Hebrew transliteration (pronunciation) for Aramaic names of Hebrew origin (example: 2 O-rish-lem as Yerushalem, Hبan-nan as Hanan, etc.). However, if Hebrew has a name that is originally of Aramaic origin, then I often transliterated it in the original Aramaic pronunciation (example: Bat Babel as ba-wel).

## Abgar Kings of Osroene [O $\sigma \rho \circ \eta \vee \eta$ ]. $\downarrow$ RULED: $\downarrow$

Abgar I (92-68 B.C.)
Abgar III (29-26 B.C.)
Abgar V Ucama (4 B.C. - $\underline{50}$ A.D.) ${ }^{*}$
Abgar VII, son of Ezad (109-116 A.D.)

Abgar IX Severus (212-214 A.D.)

Abgar II (68-53 B.C.)
Abgar IV Sumaqa (26-23 B.C.)
Abgar VI (71-91 A.D.)
Abgar VIII, (177-212 A.D.)
$\uparrow$ [son of Manu VIII] $\uparrow$
Abgar X Frahad (240-242 A.D.)
$\uparrow[$ son of Manu IX] $\uparrow$

* King Abgar is a historical figure from the first century. He ruled the Kingdom of Osroene with Edessa [Urhay] as its capital from 4 BC to 7 AD and from 13 AD to 50 AD. (syriacpress.com)
- An Arab by ethnicity, known as Abgar in Greek (and Acbarus or Agbarus in Latin), Abgar V was the king of a small Syriac kingdom called Osroene, with his capital at Edessa $[E \delta \varepsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha]$. Osroene was generally a pawn in power struggles
between Rome, Armenia and Parthia, surviving by aligning itself with whatever faction was most powerful at the moment. Abgar II had been a Roman client before switching to the Parthians just before the Battle of Carrhae in 53 BC. Abgar V first came to power in 4 BC , became a Roman client, lost his throne in 7 AD and regained it five [correction: six] years later. He would hold onto power for the next 37 years, an impressive feat for a monarch caught between two sparring great powers. (gatesofnineveh.wordpress.com). Correction based on "Osroene" en.wikipedia.org.
- National Catholic Register [ncregister.com] gives Abgar V as the King of Urhay from perhaps ( 13 A.D. - 50 A.D.) [ $2^{\text {nd }}$ Tenure].
- Abgar V (c. $\underline{1}^{\text {st }}$ century B.C. - c. A.D. 50) ["Abgar V" - en.wikipedia.org].

Correction: The ("Osroene" Wikipedia Page) has king "Manu III Saflul" reigning from (23-4 BC). So 4 B.C. is a more accurate start of Abgar V's reign.

## 

## The Doctrine ${ }^{1}$ of Addai the Apostle.

Or ${ }^{1}$ Teaching." ${ }^{*}$ Mar Addai has the same name spelling as the name Addi ( $\rightarrow$ ? but pronounced differently. They are both a Aramaic variant name for the Hebrew name "Iddo" (Ezra 8:17). According to (Addai 5:9), he was one of the 72 [other] students of Isho. (Addai 16:8) also suggests that Addai wasn't one of the twelve Apostles. Additionally, maybe Addai [c. 50-66] (a disciple of Toma the Apostle [c. 34-50]) and Aggai [c. 66-81 (or 87)] (a disciple of Addai) were the two extra "students (disciples)" added later because (Lucas 10:1, 17) says "seventy." Or maybe it was Palut (AKA: Mari), the next Overseer [c. $\underline{81}$ (87) - 120]. - Contrarily, according to the Acts of Thaddaeus, a Greek version, he is the same as Labbai Taddai (Matt. 10:3).

$$
\text { Addai 1:2-20 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:1-8 }(\text { Roger Pearse })
$$

ב: 12









1 "Letter" can be pronounced e-gar-ta or ig-gar-ta. ${ }^{2}$ ²: "Abgar" (Assyrian Pronunciation). Abgar V Ucama (the Black), the son of Manu III. ${ }^{3}$ Lit. " \& that when." It's uncertain why he was called: "the Black." Abgar IV was called: "the Red (مبْمْنً)." It reminds me of the "Red \&/or Black Horses" in (Zec.; Rev.). ${ }^{4}$ Also



 (Tiberius,) (\& in in the reign) (of our lord) [












 هـ Or ${ }^{1}$ (Lk. 3:1). Tiberius (AD 14-37). ${ }^{2}$ Aḅgar Ucama (i.e. sunburnt Aḅgar). * [RP's Translation has all of the bracketed words 1:9-11]. George Phillips put those words in brackets $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ they were written by a comparatively modern hand. The original text had evidently been damaged by moisture. ${ }^{3}$ Name means: "Give,
 8:38). ${ }^{5}$ i.e. "the collector (registrar) of tribute." $\downarrow$ (Syr. Dict.).
${ }^{6} \mathrm{E} \lambda \varepsilon \cup \theta \varepsilon \rho о \pi о \lambda 1 \varsigma-$ "free city" or "city of freedom" ( 20 km SW of Yerushalem). ${ }^{7}$
 Cassius Longinus Sabinus [?] (AD 45-49) - (Jesus, King of Edessa by Ralph Ellis). 9 "guardian." - "deputy" (Roger Pearse). - "agent" (Oraham) 11:1). Елıт Phenicia" (KJV). - "Foenice" (Vg.). Josephus also calls the area of "Judea, Galilee, Samaria, the Decapolis, Phoenicia \& Perea" as "Palestine" (The Antiquities of the Jews Ch. 6). ${ }^{11}$ Lit. "[The Area] between the [Tigris \& Euphrates] Rivers."
(letters) (to him) (\& they had brought) (

 (joyfully) (2
${ }^{1}$ Pronounced ag-ra-tha in Modern Aramaic. ${ }^{2}$ Lit. "with joy."

Addai 2:1-25 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:8 (Roger Pearse)

## 












 (the news [fame] of the wonders of His -) ( (victories [heroic deeds, exploits] had gone out)



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "triumphs, successes, splendors, praises, pomps." ${ }^{2 *}$ 2:7-8: i.e. "... *\& when Marihab \& Shemashgram \& Hannan the Tabularius saw ${ }^{2}$ them, even those men." ${ }^{3}$ Tabularius - "Revenue Official" (Latin Dict.).








 (Him.) (were acknowledging [professing, confessing]) ( Or ${ }^{1}$ "following, going (coming) with, joining." ${ }^{2}$ Lit. "assemblies (multitudes) by assemblies (multitudes, companies)." 3 "people, populace, inhabitants."














 Or ${ }^{1}$ ?
(\& Heannan the Tabularius was reading) (
 (that he had written [was writing]) ?جْج̣

## Addai 3:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:8-12 (Roger Pearse)


 (king Aḅgar had heard,) تُمْد د : د

 Or ${ }^{1}$ "struck dumb, stupified."









 (this cause [occasion, reason, pretext, accusation]) (يكّهُ




Or ${ }^{1}$ "excuse" (Jn. 15:22). ${ }^{2}$ "proclaimed, summoned, invited."





1 "Wednesday." * Two days before Passover (April 14-21).
















 مهبد بَّىَى (You are raising) ${ }^{4}$ Lit. "the son of the house-tops (roofs)." ${ }^{5}$ i.e. "those tormented [by evil spirits]."





## Addai 4:1-23 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:12-13 $($ Roger Pearse $)$












 (\& they are contemplating [considering] to harm [maim] You.) (. Or ${ }^{1}$ "raise You up." ${ }^{2}$ "injure (wound, tear, destroy)."














 ? ?




 (\& shall restore [make whole] [you];) (that you have,)



 indicates that the text should be (was) deleted \& the following is the correct
 (cause to turn, make to return)."

 (for an age [era], forever.") كثكد

Or 1 "fenced city (fortified place)." 2-3 "take possession of, (take, occupy)."






Or ${ }^{1}$ "drawer (artist)." 2 "paints" (Roger Pearse).

Addai 5:1-25 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:13-17 $($ Roger Pearse $)$

## Chapter 5 ת





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "his palatial houses" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2}$ "citadels." - "Temples" (Sira 50:7 Heb./LXX).
(\& Hannan, the collector [registrar] -)
(everything) ( of tribute, had related to him)

 (in a scroll [in scrolls].) (2جْجُجْ Or ${ }^{1}$ "keeper of the archives" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2}$ Singular (Roger Pearse). Plural (CAL; Phillips).




2
Or ${ }^{1}$ "the Messiah had been taken (lifted) up." ${ }^{2}$ "seventy" (Luqa 10:1, 17 P'shitta, TR, M). - "seventy-two" (NU, Vg.).



 1"Palestine, the Southwest-West part of Syria, with an area of about 11,600 square miles" (Oraham). - Hebrew פּלשׁׁת "Pelesheth" or "Philistia, Palestina, Palestine" (KJV). - Greek П $\alpha \lambda \alpha \iota \sigma \tau \iota \nu \eta$ - Latin: Palaestina.

(\&



 (of the sitters of Aḅgar, even his kneelers:) (





Or ${ }^{1} \&$ a report had been heard about him ..." ${ }^{2}$ " $\underline{\text { it was }}$ on" (CAL). ${ }^{3}$ Or خخجْب "Abdu" (Ezra 8:6). - means: "service (servitude)." ${ }^{4}$ Lit. "the sitters of the kneeling (bending of the knees, bowing) of Abgar." = "those who sat with bended knees before Aḅgar."

 (which Addai had done,) -



 ? جُتُّس


 ${ }^{1}$ Or "exploits (deeds of renown, miracles)." - 0 - - (Syriac Pronunciation). ${ }^{2}$ "wonderful." ${ }^{3}$ Perhaps should be Apel: بִּ0:- "whereby he was treating (applying medicine, repairing)." ${ }^{4}$ "gave credence (set firmly, asserted, affirmed)." - "thought for certain" (Roger Pearse).




 (a good hope shall be obtained for me)

Or ${ }^{1}$ "now (soon)." - T $\alpha \chi \alpha$ "quickly (soon)." When joined with $\alpha v$ : "probably (perhaps)." ${ }^{2}$ Lit. "found."
Addai 6:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:17-17 (Roger Pearse)








1 "went early" (Roger Pearse).




 (Addai.) ( Or ${ }^{1}$ "free-men, men of rank." - "commanders (princes)" (2 Sam. 15:18; 19:6). ${ }^{2}$ "the entrance (going, way in, approach)."
 (he had fallen down) $20 \overline{\text { un }}$ (Addai.) (\& had harshipped)
${ }^{1}$ Pronounced shay-tha "the hour."













 (in Him,) (you shall believe again) בیִ




 (I had sought [desired]) (who had crucified Him,)







 ashamed (became modest)." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "that [to] stand with me" hence: " that to be (existed) with me" or "that I kept." ${ }^{4}$ Spelled 4 . Lk. 3:1; Jn. 6:1, 23; 21:1).
 ${ }^{1}$ ॰ $\circ$ " "he" (CAL). Perhaps used for emphasis; hence the statement would literally be: "... the will of His Father, He, even He did thoroughly (completely) / he performed (finished)."

(his Father,) (he was raised up) (to (to
 spelling (Phillips). (CAL) says this is the Ettaphal (Ittapal) Form of the word
 upward)." - "He was taken up" (Roger Pearse). - Smith's Syriac Dictionary doesn't give a listing for that passive causative form \& I don't know of any examples of that form in the P'shitta Bible.

## Addai 7:1-23 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:17-19 $($ Roger Pearse $)$















* $<$ <

Translation. ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "duration (length)."


 (Addai himself,) (





 (\& had healed him;) 2óन
 Or ${ }^{1}$ خْخجْ "Abdu" [2x] (see Ezra 8:6).
 (he was doing great cures [healings],)

 (that every person knows) جِّجְد جِ










 [the disciples, your friends] /\#2\#
 Phillips' Aram. Text plus Roger Pearse's Translation. ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "which were heard by us." ${ }^{4}$ These words in red are not in Phillips' Text or Roger Pearse's Translation. They are in Cureton - i.e. /\#2\#/.




## Addai 8:1-22 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:19-19 (Roger Pearse)

## 

 (everyone,) (\&

كُشَّ (Tomorrow) بيـد (assemble) دبـ (for me) حبكَة (all of)




。 * Phillips' Text \& Roger Pearse's Translation have all of these words. - Cureton lacks these 3 words.








 /\#2\#[by manhood, human nature] (\& had been crucified) 2ōَ


 (that had never been broken [breached] through [torn],)





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "accuracy (exactness, sincerity, genuineness, essential quality)." ${ }^{2}$ "reduced (made less, thought little [lightly] of, brought to nothing)." ${ }^{3}$ Not in Phillips' or Roger Pearse's Translation. - Cureton /\#2\#/ Variant. ${ }^{4}$ "house" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{5}$ "hindrance, obstacle." ${ }^{6}$ "saved, kept alive, preserved, restored to life, resurrected." 7 "by being himself slain" (Roger Pearse).




("that thing which is ours" or "the thing which was ours" [Roger Pearse])






 ${ }^{1-2}$ (CAL) vowel pointing. ${ }^{1}$ Or - $\boldsymbol{o}^{-\sigma}$ "is." ${ }^{2}$ Or - "the thing which is ( $0 \bar{\circ}$ ) ours." "was [2"or]" (Cureton) also. ${ }^{3}$ Phillips' \& Roger Pearse have this word in their Text Chapter 8-26 of 153 pages
or Translation. ${ }^{4}$ (Phillips' Text) - Roger Pearse only has: "and" here in his Translation.

$$
\text { Addai 9:1-23 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:19-21 }(\text { Roger Pearse })
$$

## 












 (\& His divine triumphs,) oñ (which He had done,)

 1.





(what shall be appearing [revealed]) ?ميمنيد


 (for


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "miracles." ${ }^{2}$ "been taken up." ${ }^{3}$ Or - "who by that same power he had healed .." 4-5 "Odu $J r$ " and "Odu." ${ }^{6}$ Perhaps" "he made know [to] them" or "he announced [to] them. ${ }^{7}$ (Roger Pearse) ${ }^{*}$. See the verb بيد "he resuscitated (raised the dead, raised to life, revived, awakened)." 8 "apostates (disowners, rejecters)."







 Roger Pearse's Translation supports the second reading: "therefore few are the believers ..." 5 "apostasy, infidelity, impiety." - "unbelief" (Roger Pearse). - Also:
"blasphemy, indignity offered to God in words" (Oraham). ${ }^{6}$ "appeasing, satisfaction, will, pleasure, enjoyment, peace, leisure, repose." - "recreation, any pleasurable interest, amusement" (Roger Pearse, CAL). ${ }^{7}$ هَ̣ - "it, he" (CAL).





كن تُنْ




 Or ${ }^{1}$ "except (unless)" (Roger Pearse, Syr. Dict.). ${ }^{2}$ These words aren't in Phillips'


## Addai 10:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:21-23 (Roger Pearse)













${ }^{1 *}$ Perhaps: "\& it $\underline{i s}$ not being (20テ) these things only ..."













 (in the name of) (that he was doing) 2ó









 Or ${ }^{1}$ "Protonike." Probably from the Greek words: $\pi \rho о \tau 0 \varsigma$ and $v \iota \kappa \eta$ "First Victory." She isn't a known wife of Claudius; so this may be a surname for Valeria Messalina, one of his known wives. ${ }^{2}$ (Acts 11:28; 18:2; 23:26) or
 ${ }^{5-6}$ Lit. "which she was standing (remaining, being appointed) in ..." ${ }^{7}$ MS\#3 \& ERRATA. ${ }^{8}$ "accompanying, agreeing with." * (see Philip. 2:29).







 Or ${ }^{1}$ "promptly" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2}$ Perhaps: "her trans-daughter" or "her lesbian daughter." Later, Neron divorced her and claimed she was barren.


# (the city was going out before her) نَوْبּ 

## Addai 11:1-25 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:24-24 (Roger Pearse)

## 





 ذَهْمــ
 (of the church) (\& the officer [director])




Or ${ }^{1}$ "superintendent, procurator, commander" ((Num. 31:14; 2 Ki. 11:18; Jer. 20:1; 37:13).
 جَُّذ"شــ (of the palace of) (כֵה؟ (in the great citadel [ temple])









 ? ? ?
 ? ? (\& that sepulchre [tomb, grave]) oণَ (the Jews,


يُمْذذ كَّ
 (the hand [control]) (of the Jews.) (are under) ( ${ }^{1^{*}}$ (See Addai 13:9). Otherwise - "that your kingdom wishes that it shall see ..."




 Or ${ }^{1}$ "taking, seizing, laying (taking) hold of." ${ }^{2}$ "cross" (Roger Pearse) here \& verse 12. Perhaps he was thinking of the word
(but) (\& not only this,) (



 شُجتب. (they are confining [shutting up or in, imprisoning]) צ. (us.
 "in the place of the prisoners (as bound)" = "in prison."

 (\& they had brought) oór onio (that queen was commanding,)





${ }^{1}$ (1Macc. 12:7-8-20; 2 Macc. 3:1; etc.). People with the names (Yonathan) \& (Nethanyah) are A.K.A. Ḥuniya. - Ovıas (Ben Seirach 50:1; 1-2, 4 Macc.). ${ }^{2}$ "Gedaliah" (KJV).

Name Commentary: سoبـبـا looks like it is Aramaic for: "Have mercy (سa), O Yah
 (Yah) has given." - Perhaps one word: نجيُخَذةر - "Owd-Shalom" - "Servant of
 "Shalom" [SH-L-M] and the Hebrew name "Shallum" were both transliterated into Aramaic as: "Shalom" - here \& in the Bible. (him,) (who are agreeing with [following, adhering to, receiving]) ( (them) (\&

 Or ${ }^{1}$ "Give up (Surrender)." ${ }^{2}$ "consenting." ${ }^{3}$ "minister."





${ }^{1}$ Literally: "\& also she should have delivered that place ..."











 1 "daughter" is pronounced "bra-ta" in modern Aramaic. * Messalina's daughter's name was "Claudia Octavia;" known as "Octavia."







 ([who] keeps alive [saves, preserves, resurrects, restores to life]) $\underset{\sim}{2} \dot{o}^{3}$

 (the erring [errant, lost, perishing] heathens [shall hear], ) (\& also) sío









 \#بanaz (Coll.) \& (Addai 11:13). ${ }^{3}$ RP's Translation adds the word [who]. ${ }^{40}$ Not in
 similar pronunciation \& voweling for the word "deceiving, deceiver." - It possibly should be pronounced .نج. ${ }^{\text {. }}{ }^{5-6} \mathrm{Or}$ - "the wandering heathen," - "the ungodly ones [who have] gone astray," - "the impious ones [who have] fallen into sin" or "the forgetful pagans." - بُق literally means: "the profane (unclean) ones."


 her is because ..."

## Addai 13:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:24-24 (Roger Pearse)


(the place of) (that she should honor) (\&


(I have worshipped) ( 3 ?






 or "Your Name which is bowed down to."
(\& in the suffering [passion]) فִبْنـُـن (she was saying in her prayer,)


 (Phillips’ Text) even looks corrupted. It should read oó ${ }^{\circ}$ "were [oóन]" (Coll.).


 ${ }^{1}$ (Phillips' Text) has this word misspelled as: عمْدَ - "hear" (2MS). - عمْـد (2FS) [Jer. 6:19, etc.]. * Messalina's only begotten son was: "Tiberius Claudius Caesar Britannicus;" called "Britannicus." Perhaps the other "younger" son was her adopted son "Neron (Nero)," whom Claudius adopted.







 (this.) :

 (Coll.).



 ?
 "on her" (CAL) - in error.

?

 (those) (- neglecting [disregarding, turning away])













 crosses [ Messiaḥ [معبَشْن"]" (Coll.).

## Addai 14:1-25 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:24-24 (Roger Pearse)







 (which in the midst of)


(\& let her arise [stand],) (
(\& your Name shall be glorified [praised] by her.)
Or ${ }^{1}$ "bold (headstrong, willful, presumptuous, boasters, bullies)." ${ }^{2}$ "Your might
 Perhaps: "men, people, populace." $5^{5^{\circ}}$ "\& let her arise [







${ }^{1}$ 250 - "a space of time, time, interval" (Smith's Syriac Dictionary).
(she had taken off [removed]) (\& afterwards,) (






(to Him,) (that they shall be turning [-back, returning]) (\%










 Or ${ }^{1}$ "lifted up, carried away." ${ }^{2}$ (Phillips' Text). ${ }^{\circ}$ However
 4 "desires." 5 "converted (turned)." 6 "neglectful of" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{7-8}$ "Thou art






 ([\&] that she should be raising) ? ? ?






(her daughter had revived [recovered, lived again, was saved],)
 [^ै०न up her eyes" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{6}$ I added the word [\&] to make the statement flow. Previous 2 words match (Phillips). See following word structure. ${ }^{7}$ Lit. "buffeting (striking repeatedly)." 8 "an eyelid." $7-8=$ "in a moment." 5 "became alive" (Roger Pearse).

## Addai 15:1-25 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:24-25 (Roger Pearse)

## 

2







 Or ${ }^{1-2^{\circ}}$ Not in (Coll. MS). ${ }^{3}$ Usually spelled with "two t's" as: was moved (agitated) in mind or body," - "she was disturbed (troubled)" or "she was moved by emotion." 4 هَ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ "he" (CAL).







${ }^{1-4}$ Lit. "that if this was not ..." or "that if this [had] not became ..." ${ }^{5}$ Perhaps: "we would be ( of ..." (Addai 15:9-10).


([even He$]$ who has done this thing.")




${ }^{1-2}$ (Phillips). - "it might be kept" (Roger Pearse).
 (that a great \& splendid building [structure] should be built)





 (for the service.) ( Or ${ }^{1}$ "erected." ${ }^{2}$ "excellent (better, surpassing, abounding, marvelous)." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "a place of the appointed time." - "assembly" (Roger Pearse).




 (worn by queens,) جمْتَفْ
 حت:
(in which she was dwelling [living] in,) ?


${ }^{1}$ Lit. "revealingly (manifestly, openly)."



 (had become sad [mourned]) 0 o ${ }^{-3} \sigma^{3}$ - ${ }_{2}^{2}$
${ }^{1}$ Perhaps Ithpaal ( 0 and 0 ): "\& exulted (burst forth into song, broke forth into singing)." ${ }^{2-3}$ (Phillips’ Text) - "became very sad" (Roger Pearse).
Addai 16:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:25-25 (Roger Pearse)

(For they would have been very pleased [contented])








 ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "for they were very pleased (satisfied, agreeable, contented, gratified, at ease [rest])" or "for they were resting greatly" = "for they had taken great pleasure in (delighted at)." - "well pleased" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2-3}$ "which were done." (Roger Pearse).
 (the fame [report] of this deed was going to distant countries)








${ }^{1-2}$ Expression also means: "\& it was" (see 1 Chron. 28:2; 3 Macc. 1:4) or "\& it had been." However, it literally says: " $\&$ it was - was." ${ }^{1-3}$ Perhaps: " $\&$ rest was being ... [...









(he was commanding) (the Emperor had heard,)


${ }^{1}$ (Acts 11:28; etc.). ${ }^{2}$ See (Addai 16:8-9) + comment. Perhaps a typo in



 (which was done.) !
${ }^{1}$ (Phillips). - Not in Roger Pearse's Translation. ${ }^{2}$ (Phillips). - Otherwise: "that (ヵヵ) had been narrated."
 (which the Apostles, our companions, are* doing,)




 Or *"were" $[2 \mathrm{x}]$.


 ${ }^{1}$ "done again (recited, narrated)." 2 "[take-] notice, regard, consider."

## Addai 17:1-25 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:25-26 (Roger Pearse)



Or ${ }^{1}$ "being united (cleaving) to him" or "following (adhering to, agreeing with) him."



(to the Apostles,) كـلبتّت (\& sent it) (he had wrote it down,
 (Apostles) (those) (\&




 Or 1 "was doing (כُفْذ)."


 10

 (of their companions,) ?
 (\& all of them were glorifying God,) (
 Or ${ }^{1}$ Perhaps from a hypothetical Hebrew Pass. Participle:

 same pronunciation as (Azzi - Hebrew: Uzzi) - "Azzai" (Roger Pearse).









هـد : S.








${ }^{1}$ Literally: "again." ${ }^{2}$ "take rest, be at rest, be relieved, refresh himself, be quiet (satisfied, contented, pleased)." 2 "established, strengthened, appointed." 3 "justly." ${ }^{4}$ (see Jn. 1:1, 18). - It can also be translated as: "that he is a god," for nonTrinitarians.






## Addai 18:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:26-29 (Roger Pearse)









(the doctrine of) فبلفَمبהּ (that they should be hearing)
 (whom) فִجـير (\& in the name of (he was teaching,)
 (he was doing these signs,) :


Or ${ }^{1}$ "population." ${ }^{2-3}$ Place of Destruction (Breaking, Crushing, Ruin, Discomfiture, Fracture). - Perhaps the word يُّةٌ "a fragment (broken piece, shard)." - "Beth-Thabara" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{4}$ Perhaps a variant of: ${ }^{2}$ "done (committed, made, served)." Or the Pass. Part. izes "uprooted (torn up, pruned off)." ${ }^{5}$ "Abdd-nachad" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{6}$ "miracles."








${ }^{1}$ It's the same spelling for: 2 ºtaz "medicines (cures, remedies, healing arts)."



 هo



。 (\& the people,) (\& all of the workers [soldiers]) (the manual craftsmen [carpenters, smiths])
 (in this walled city [fortified place],) בת تخذجْ حد :




(of Beth-Nayrin [Mesopotamia],)




 Or ${ }^{1}$ "Libbo [ [iּ]]" - Means: "his heart (mind)." 2 "Chaphsai" (Roger Pearse).
 (Delight, Pleasure)." ${ }^{3}$ Probably the same vowels as the name, فیذ "Khiṣron" or "Ḥezron" (חֶצרוֹן). - "Chesrun" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{4}$ a region of Syria. - "Ẓoḅa" and "Ẓobah" (KJV). ${ }^{5}$ a city in northern Mesopotamia. - Harran (Roger Pearse).

## Addai 19:1-25 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:29-31 (Roger Pearse)

(cures) (in Yerushalem,) (\&



 جك (that I was not a physician)







 (for [in the place of]) (\& was crucified) (Himself) (
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "notice (consider)." ${ }^{2}$ "vexed, agitated, smitten, harassed, ill-treated, weary, exhausted." ${ }^{3-4}$ Lit. "of prepared life" or "of life that is prepared [to come]." ${ }^{5}$ "he was clothed with a body."

بُمفُ (He had darkened the sun) (the wood, (in the atmosphere [visible arch of the sky];) نذهبن
 (He had been raised [revived, awakened]) (the tomb, (thene
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "eclipsed." - Perhaps: "the sun had darkened (turned the day to night)." (wan oce the sun became dark (was darkened, eclipsed, obscured, dimmed)" (Lk. 23:45).






 ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "of the height" or perhaps plural: "of the heights (heavens)." ${ }^{3}$ "He had not died." 4-6 Perhaps: "He is the Lord over death ..."

(He had also not put on a body again,)
 (of that body.) of of

Or ${ }^{1}$ "Framer (Maker, Molder, Potter)."





 (from aforetime [everlasting, eternity] = formerly,) ox مדּס

(which the previous prophets had spoken about of old time)

 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ "had abased [humbled] Him." - "made Him condescend" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{3}$ "laid (low, lowered, cast down, abased)." - "made low" (Heb. 2:7). ${ }^{4-5}$ Perhaps: "That [Man] whom ( O ०夭́)" " (RP similar). ${ }^{6}$ "showed forth (signified, typified, portrayed, depicted)." ${ }^{7}$ " likenesses (types, figures, examples, similes)."

## Addai 20:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:31-35 (Roger Pearse)


 (his thronee) (His Father, (\& د: دִی. (that is on) بُمبثن (the right side)

Or ${ }^{1}$ "raising to life (recovery, revival, resuscitation)." ${ }^{2-3}$ Perhaps: "\& concerning his sitting (seat) [on the right side]."
 (\& lower [earthly] beings,) (upper [celestial] beings,) (
 Or ${ }^{1-5}$ "That One who is worshipped from everlasting (the beginning, former times)." ${ }^{3}$ or (Phillips) and oตَ "he" (CAL).

(however) $\breve{S}_{2}$ (His appearance was of the likeness of men,)

(as)
 (\& God) 2 2

 ?
${ }^{1}$ or (Phillips) \& o $\operatorname{\circ }$ "it (he)" (CAL). - "were" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2}$ "Himself" (Roger





(at His hidden Lordship.) (
${ }^{1}$ í can mean "purple" or "purple garment" (Jer. 10:9; 2 Macc. 4:38). However, * Roger Pearse just has the word "vestment" here. Which makes one wonder if he








 Or ${ }^{1}$ "make atonement, be gracious, spare." ${ }^{2-3}=" \&$ the Holy Spirit."

 (\& if)







 (those who worship the work of their hands shall not believe.)
${ }^{1}$ Lit. "the worshippers of."




 جكّ (w/o) كبْذُتْ (a discernment [discerning, distinction, decision]
${ }^{1}$ See Appendix 4 (Commentary). ${ }^{2}$ (Phillips) - "of the Prophets" (Roger Pearse).

## Addai 21:1-20 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:35-37 $($ Roger Pearse $)$






Or ${ }^{1 "}$ a god (godlike one, angel)" (1 Sam. 28:13; Psalm 8:5). (the are not willing) (those) (there are) (


 ?


 ${ }^{1}$ (Phillips). - RP Translation lacks the word "and." 2 "conscience (thinking, reasoning, purpose, doctrine, sense)." ${ }^{3}$ "sense (reflection, belief, meaning, counsel, etc.)." ${ }^{4}$ "apply" (Roger Pearse).


 (learn ye) /\#2\# (\& understand ye [notice ye, consider ye]) (2intion th : بـد
 (that Man) (of the crucifixion of) -A (which His Gospel has flown)

 (the earth.) (ỉ (in all of) (our companions, are doing)
${ }^{1}$ (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2}$ "had been darkened (eclipsed, obscured, dimmed)." ${ }^{3}$ "terrible event (grief, confusion of mind)." 4 "there was" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{4-5}$ Perhaps: "that
 Pearse). ${ }^{8}$ "my companions" (Roger Pearse).

 (\& they were only knowing that Hebrew language which -)




 (of the bold ones [headstrong, rash, insolent, willful, bullies)
 (through our hands) /\#2\#, (2.

 (\& by men of low estate) (by
 Or ${ }^{1}$ Variant reading: "that That Man [who was mixing $u p$ ] the languages ..." 2 "that He is [the same], who confounded the tongues ..." (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{3}$ "confusing (confounding)." ${ }^{4}$ "presumptuous ones (boasters)." 5 "region (quarter)." - Lit. "corner" (Neh. 3:24). ${ }^{6-8}$ "He it is who today teaches through us" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{9-}$ ${ }^{10}$ i.e. "the true (just, fair, right) faith." 10 "rightness (rectitude)." ${ }^{11}$ "firmness" hence: "assurance (affirmation, confirmation, truth)." ${ }^{12}$ "inferior (unworthy, humble, poor, thin, lacking)." ${ }^{13^{*}}$ (Common Hebrew Pronunciation) - Lit. "the circle (circuit)" or "region (border, coast)."



 Or ${ }^{1}$ Called Пaveıas (Paneias) [located in the Golan Heights, Syria] because it was the center for the worship of the Greek god Pan. AKA: Caesarea Philippi. Today, the area is called Banias, which is the Arabic pronunciation for: Paneas. The foreign " P " sound is usually transliterated as: " $\underline{\mathrm{Ph}}(\mathrm{F})$ " or " B " into Arabic.

## Addai 22:1-23 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:37-40 (Roger Pearse)

## 


(the regions that are in every place are resounding,)


 That would make it part of the statement: "the regions are resounding."


 (the truth.) (
${ }^{1}$ "heart" (Roger Pearse) - here and at Addai 23:1. ${ }^{2}$ Perhaps: "away from." $3^{* *}$ "\& his counsel shall abandon (forsake) the truth ..."

ك ه :
(thoughts of destructive error,) ( (the hopelessness [desperation]) (which are full of) :


(the life) (from) (\& you shall keep yourselves distant)


Or ${ }^{1}$ "captured, enslaved, subjected." 2 "ideas, opinions, reckonings, intentions." ${ }^{3}$ "deception" [FS]. ${ }^{4}$ Perhaps this adjective should be masculine as:
 cutting off of hope." or "despair." 6-7 "\& don't make yourselves glad [be gladdened]" (Phillips). - "be taken" (Roger Pearse). RP may have saw or was thinking of the word , you yourselves shall avoid (abstain, renounce)."








 Or ${ }^{1}$ "true, found true, verified, confirmed, established, entrusted." 2 "clemency, favor, grace." ${ }^{3}$ "bring to naught, bring to an end."

(\& I am announcing.) (behold,) i







 (my Lord said to me.) /\#2\#/ (against them,) ( Or ${ }^{1}$ "thanksgiving (praise, profession, acknowledgement)." 2-4 "my Lord commanded me" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{4}$ Cureton omits: فَذــ




 1 "honest" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2-3}$ (Phillips; Roger Pearse). ${ }^{2-3}$ ( 3 (Cureton).
o

Addai 23:1-23 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:40-43 (Roger Pearse)







 Or ${ }^{1}$ "mind (thinking, opinion, doctrine, etc.)." ${ }^{2}$ "against" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "the placing on the head." 4 "disciplined (corrected, instructed)."


 (a resurrection) (is being) $2 \circ \sigma^{11}$ (of the created things [creatures])
 Or * (Phillips' Text) has the word "us" [2x] but Roger Pearse's Translation doesn't include that word both times. ${ }^{1}$ "shall be."




 (the writing,) (





Or ${ }^{1}$ "pictured (formed, figured, depicted painted, described, shown forth)." - This
 customs, etc." ${ }^{3}$ "on their own persons" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{4}$ "sheets, skins, parchments." Hence: "skins for writings." ${ }^{5}$ Lit. - "\& there was not (مـ) there." San mean "was not," as in the statement: "Yoseph was not (كــ) in the pit" (Gen. 37:29). ${ }^{6}$ "one who wasn't knowing (בُجد)." ${ }^{7}$ "scroll (book, record, letter, document)." ${ }^{8}$ This unusual word order is also in the next verse. Usually the words
 "he taketh" (Roger Pearse).

(the new book [writing]) (wata






Or ${ }^{1}$ "untaught ones, ignorant, simple, inexperienced, stupid, idiots." From: $\iota \delta \iota \omega \tau \eta \varsigma$ (pl. $\imath \delta \iota \omega \tau \alpha)$.



 (it doesn't pass away by justice.) (حָּ

Or ${ }^{1}$ "reflection, thoughtful attention." - Literally: "(a) lance, (b) care, concern, anxiety." 2 (see Addai 24:13). Usually: حنبه:

هجִִه ( ?يتحةם (that He shall forgive [pardon]) لجف, (you)
 (That God) (b/c you have forsaken) (
 ج ج ج (over you,) (\& causes His sun to rise) (

 Or ${ }^{1}$ "denial (rejection, renunciation, impiety, apostasy)." ${ }^{2}$ "\& lets His sun shine."



(on) (which ye are trusting [putting confidence])
Or ${ }^{1}$ "carved wood (stone).

$$
\text { Addai 24:1-25 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:43-48 (Roger Pearse) }
$$





 (that they should receive) (it would be right for them,) $2 \hat{\sigma}_{\text {ond }}$ : ?
 (them,) ,


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "cognizance, movement." - "feeling" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ (in) " $b$ /c of (in the place of, on behalf of)." - "for the sake of which" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "it was being right for them." ${ }^{4}$ "constructed, fixed, prepared" or "made to be sturdy (stable, erect)." ${ }^{5}$ "strengthened" (Syr. Dict.) or "established firmly" (CAL). ${ }^{6}$ "made firm"


 جيد (while) بـ: فُـــ, (shouting) كجف (at you,)
 (your fellows [companions, colleagues, equals], (4







Or ${ }^{1}$ "perceiving, being conscience of." ${ }^{2}$ "creatures." ${ }^{3}$ "crying out in complaint" (CAL). ${ }^{4}$ "fellow-servants, similar (like) ones." * "are" (RP - both times).

 (His justice is prepared that it shall seek) (ana (there.) (the deniers) (to

Or ${ }^{1}$ "hides (conceals, defends)" - "saves" (CAL)." 2 "bullies, boasters, head-strong, rash, presumptuous, willful, insolent." ${ }^{3-4}$ "His justice shall take vengeance on (punish) the infidels there in the future" (see Peal Future Form-3 Macc. 2:17). ${ }^{5}$ "rejecters, renouncers, apostates, unbelievers, heathens, pagans" or "ungrateful, thankless, unmindful" (Lk. 6:35).
(is greatly crowded [continuous]) (that this walled city)

Or ${ }^{1}$ "has abounded greatly in paganism" or "full of (given over to) paganism

 (whom ye are honoring?) (\& Bel, (\& 1 "Nwu." - "Neḅo" (KJV). - نحه "Nabu" (Assyrian).








1-2 "Bath Nical" (RP). Perhaps the Aramaic transliteration of the Hebrew words:
 (Venus) [ $\delta$ o $\lambda 1$ oф $\rho \omega v$ Aф $\rho o \delta \iota \tau \eta] . " ~{ }^{3}$ "inhabitants of Haran." ${ }^{4}$ Probably related to
 doctrine, belief, meaning." ${ }^{5}$ Mabbug (ஸัם) - A city between Aleppo \& the Euphrates River. AKA: Hierapolis ('I $\varepsilon \rho \alpha \pi \mathrm{o} \lambda \iota \varsigma)$ or "Holy City." ${ }^{6}$ (Phillips' Text).
 (CAL revoweled).




1 "taken captive, captured, captivated, enslaved, subjected." ${ }^{2}$ cow-chow-ta (f.) the planet Venus. - Literally: "the Star of brilliancy (radiance, splendor)." ${ }^{3}$ هََ "it" (Phillips; CAL).
:"



 ? ?

## Addai 25:1-25 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:48-48 (Roger Pearse)














 Or ${ }^{1}$ "existing, continuing." ${ }^{2 *}$ "when the creatures, ..., are made partakers
 as: بِدبجةٌ - "[they] who are strangers."


 (that created things should not be worshipped)
 (by the yoke) ${ }^{2}$ (\& [that] people should not again be bound)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "yoked, coupled, joined, married, harnessed, subjugated." ${ }^{2}$ Metaph. "service, servitude, bondage."
هـ : كـ كـ






1 "of the creatures being seen" (RP).

ذְّمبـد (that one shall place) ֵه (on it)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "impiety."





 (which is made)
(That One) $\circ$ (depends $\&$ exists $\underline{\text { on }[b y] ~ t h a t ~ p o w e r ~ o f ~ i t s ~ M a k e r,) ~}$






 ${ }^{1}$ oธَ "he" (CAL). ${ }^{2-3}$ Lit. "it hangs and stands." ${ }^{4}$ Lit. "not being seen."



 (by the teaching) (but) (bot
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "of necessity."
(which are happening [being done]) (\& the signs [miracles])

## Addai 26:1-23 (CAL) = Addai 1:48-49 (Roger Pearse)




 (by [to] my words,)


(behold,) 2 (I am making numerous ([-to increase]; adding, giving more) (

 (\& don't neglect [disregard].) , ©

Or ${ }^{1}$ "prudence." * "I warn you to be very cautious ${ }^{1}$. ..." (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "fitly" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "turn away (your heart)" (see Gen. 45:26). - "ignore, not care about, desist from" (CAL).



${ }^{1}$ This title of Isho suggests He was anointed with olive oil as a prophet, \& perhaps also as a King. Symbolically, it refers to Him being filled with the Holy Spirit.

 (of thanksgiving [profession, confession, acknowledgement].) ? Or ${ }^{1}$ "now therefore, from henceforth."



${ }^{1}$ (Ezek. 16:24). This word also often means: "burnt offering."
O



(ye are not knowing,)
(is not nature teaching you by its sight [appearance],)


¹ هَ " "it [he]" (Phillips; CAL).
(\& you, ye who are seeing) , صـد :


(which ye are not noticing [regarding, considering],)





${ }^{1-2^{*}}$ "\& ye ${ }^{1}$ who see with eyes ${ }^{2}$, in that ye do not understand, ..." (RP). ${ }^{2}$ plural (Phillips; CAL). Nevertheless, I think it's possible that this word could be singular. That would make the text state: "... ye who are seeing with the eye (حنّi), with that eye (ב夭்) which ye are not noticing ..." - It may seem odd that the word "eye" could be singular, however, Hebrew \& Aramaic do use the word "eye" in the singular for statements; even though humans have two eyes. (see Isa. 37:17, etc."eye" is singular there but translated in the plural). ${ }^{3}$ "taking notice of (understanding)." 4 "for nothing, for no reason, w/o cause; rashly, at random." From $\varepsilon$ єкๆ. ${ }^{5}$ (Phillips; CAL). See also (Luke 23:23).- "you excite your voices" (Roger Pearse). However, I don't know what word he saw. ${ }^{6^{*}}$ "ineffective ${ }^{6}$ to deaf ears" (RP).



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "complained against, blameworthy, reprehensible." - $\Psi=$ = (unimpugned, harmless)." ${ }^{2}$ Perhaps: "by that [eye]" (Phillips). - Roger Pearse also
doesn't have any redundancy of the words: "in that;" which he translated as: "for that." ${ }^{3}$ "silent (speechless)."
(But that ${ }^{4}$ blame ${ }^{1}$-) $\dot{\sigma}^{4}$, (which ye are not willing) ,

 ${ }^{1} \mathrm{Or}$ - "accusation (censure)." ${ }^{2}$ Literally: "hidden (buried, covered)." 3 "justness (righteousness, uprightness, rectitude)." ${ }^{4}$ or (Phillips) and oć "it" (CAL). ${ }^{1-4^{*} " \& ~}$ the blame ${ }^{1}$ with which ${ }^{4}$ justice ${ }^{3}$ is involved ${ }^{2}$ is yours" (Roger Pearse). ${ }^{5}$ "for (b/c) [.]."

 Or ${ }^{1}$ dark fog (mist)." ${ }^{2}$ "possess."

Addai 27:1-22 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:49-50 (Roger Pearse)













 1* "\& draw near to Him, who in His nature is God ..." (RP). The Cureton variant of: "... who in His nature was God ..." - also makes sense. ${ }^{2}$ خجُ̣ "servant." ${ }^{3}$ or (Phillips) and ōَ - "he" (CAL). ${ }^{2-3^{*}}$ "\& is not made ${ }^{2-3}$ as your idols" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ (RP). ${ }^{5}$ Variant: "that creature." - - $\overline{\text { ¢ }}$ "she" (CAL). ${ }^{6}$ "a thing made (formed,
 images."


3
(at His murder,) $\sigma \underset{\sim 1}{5}$ (which had been moved [shaken to \& fro, troubled])


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "a god." ${ }^{2}$ (Phillips; RP). ${ }^{3}$ "works of creation" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ "which had quaked" ${ }^{5}$ "when he was slain" (RP). ${ }^{6}$ "terrified." - Or Ithpeel: disquieted (agitated with fear, afraid)" (CAL). ${ }^{7}$ (Phillips; RP).








${ }^{1 *}$ Variant reading: "are testifying [that He is God the Creator]. For it was not for a son of man ..." ${ }^{2}$ "solidified (made firm, set firmly, plugged, pressed down, compacted)." ${ }^{3}$ "the sun had become dark." ${ }^{4}$ (Cureton; RP). - Variant reading: "by the cross" (Phillips). ${ }^{5-6}$ Variant reading: "who was making" or "who had made."

(the just ones \& righteous ones had been raised to life, ) (who was giving) 2 )



Or ${ }^{1}$ "revived (awakened)."

 (the top) (temple of the Jews had been torn) (by That One) ב夭́ه (but) (to the bottom,) (
("Behold,)
 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ "from end to end." ${ }^{3}$ "uninhabited (empty)." ح : حَ (that) לְبذּ (those who crucified Him didn't know)
 ([that] they were proclaiming ${ }^{5}$ ) (it would not have been)

Or ${ }^{1-2}$ S Him knew ..." (RP). ${ }^{3}$ (Phillips; Cureton) lack: "was." - RP Translation has the
 would not have been" or "it had not happened." ${ }^{5}$ Those two Aramaic words are at the beginning of the next chapter.

## Addai 28:1-23 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:50-51 (Roger Pearse)

## بیَكِف, : حد 28 Chapter


([that] they were laying woe [sorrow] upon themselves.)
${ }^{1}$ Variant reading: "mourning (lamentation, sorrow)." Or ${ }^{2}-3$ " "woes [evils, calamities]" (Phillips; CAL). ${ }^{2-4}$ i.e. "they would not have woe[s] ..." * "also they would not have brought down woes upon themselves" (RP).



(the terrible events of the miracles which -)
(were at that time were [not $]^{5}$ permitting them.)
${ }^{1-2^{*}}$ Perhaps (RP) saw the word .siz "although (even if)" \& translated it as: "even." "for even if they wished to neglect" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "avert their eyes" or "turn their heart away from." 4 "profession (acknowledgement, thanksgiving)." ${ }^{5}$ Phillips Syr. Text

Reading. However, (RP) has the word "not" in his translation - which makes sense. 6 "horrors (atrocities, terrors, griefs, confusion of the mind)."





 ${ }^{1}$ i.e. "Samaritans."

 Or ${ }^{1}$ held in honor (accounted precious)."




 ? ?






 (the promise of His -) (3)
(blessing which He sent to you shall be established with you:)




 (forever.") ك Or ${ }^{1}$ "indeed (that is to say)." 2 "happening (occurring)." ${ }^{3}$ "confirmed." 4 " "rule over (have dominion [authority, sway] over)." 6 "for an age (era)."



 Or ${ }^{{ }^{* *}}$ "that He is the worshipped Son" or "that He is the Son bowed down to."

$$
\text { Addai 29:1-23 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:51-51 }(\text { Roger Pearse })
$$


 (\& He is a triumphant [victorious] King,) (\& by His faith [religion]) (\& He is the Strong Power;)




Or ${ }^{1}$ "\& he is a glorious god." ${ }^{3}$ Perhaps Roger saw the word $-\dot{\sigma}$ "that." - or

 meaning to be: "\& by his faith, that (ゥَ) true faith (is true)." ${ }^{4}$ Cureton omits: 2inix. x. $^{5 *}$ Perhaps: "the true eye of the mind, ..."












 ${ }^{1}$ "has risen as the sun, moon or stars" or "appeared (was manifested)."

?




 Or ${ }^{1}$ "godless." ${ }^{2}$ هَ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ "he" (CAL). ${ }^{3^{*}}$ Lit. "from four of the corners of [i.e. North,




 ${ }^{1}$ (Phillips; CAL) have this word misspelled as: xفـد "it has heard."




Or ${ }^{1}$ "those who wrong [injure, act unjustly]" or "oppressors (tyrants)" or "faithless (ungrateful)." ${ }^{2}$ The words in red are not in Phillips' Syr. Text or Roger Pearse's Translation.
(from you) (Remove [Cause to pass]) (مuجa (





${ }^{1}$ Or - "Cause to pass away." 2 "free ye." ${ }^{3}$. غبحتجة "your soul" (Cureton) can also appear with a plural verb (see Heb. 3:13). ${ }^{4}$ "carved wood images."



## Addai 30:1-22 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:51-52 (Roger Pearse)

بشيكاف, :د 30 Chapter


 ? ? (with Him,) בیبذ (which is represented [portrayed, depicted, painted])



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "of no effect (unavailing, unprofitable)." - "the vain bowing of your head" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "justice (rectitude, faithfulness)." ${ }^{3}$ "confirmation." 4 "triple."










 (\& our God) /\#2\#2öSiod, ợio (in his blessed field;)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "ploughman [plowman] (husbandman)." $2-3$ "in his field [which] is blessed." * None of the red words (or red bracketed words) are in RP's Translation. Only Cureton's text adds it.









 (that we should shake off) بدي (to us,) بـد (thainst) (




 (the coming of the Anointed One is described [represented],)





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "relying on." ${ }^{2}$ "that ye are ..." (RP). - Cureton Variant: "that you were." ${ }^{3}$ "a blessed land" (RP). ${ }^{4-5^{*}}$ "that which has been, $\underline{\&}$ that which ..." (RP). ${ }^{6}$ "recovery (revival)." ${ }^{7}$ The following additional words are not in RP's Translation: "\& the placing on the evil head (\& the punishment for the evil one), which is kept for those who are not knowing (don't know) God." They are added in Cureton's Text.

## Addai 31:1-22 (CAL) = Addai 1:52-52 (Roger Pearse)








 (those) (\& also) sío (with us,) (that they shall be made partakers) (who are willing) (:
 (to their homes.") , لجْتُتهة: ,

Or ${ }^{1}$ "abide (remain)." $2^{*}$ "take part (have a part) with us in prayer ..." ${ }^{3}$ "\& afterward (soon, shortly)." - Also pronounced د. "cen" (Oraham, Syriac Dict.).



 (time;) (at that) (\& those who were not remaining were few)



 ${ }^{1-2^{*}}$ os oran means: she [the populace of the city] remained with him ..." ${ }^{2}$ CAL has an unusual break between the verses. ${ }^{3}$ Cureton omits: ©ْ.

(before) ميُّه (Addai the Apostle was saying these things)


(was rejoicing [had rejoiced]) (the city) (





 بَحْفَد
 (he was seeing) < \#2\# (the astonishing miracles [mighty works]) (e)




 (I

Or ${ }^{1}$ "Sendee (Messenger, Missionary, Emissary)." - Phillips has this word. Roger Pearse also has this word in his Translation.

$$
\text { Addai 32:1-20 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:52-53 (Roger Pearse) }
$$










 (by the power of) حَبْدָּ (but) (\& wonders are being done, in His name,)


${ }^{1}$ Plural in (Phillips). However, Roger Pearse translated this word in the singular. ${ }^{2-3}$ Not in RP's Translation. ${ }^{4}$ Lit. "\& with them. ${ }^{*}$ * It's plural b/c the previous word "my lives" [i.e. my life] ${ }^{*}$ is plural. ${ }^{5}$ (Phillips; CAL) points the $\dot{\sigma}$ as feminine (i.e. (نَفَة்) - though in error. The context seems to indicate that it is masculine.







(in your words.) (\& shall be believing [trusting]) ( ${ }^{1}$ (RP). - Cureton Variant: "that you have sought (desired)." 2-3 "a house of assembly" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "resort (rendezvous). ${ }^{4}$ "putting faith (having confidence)."


 Or ${ }^{1-3}$ "be you ministering." ${ }^{4}$ "with assurance [confidence] (faithfully, steadfastly)" (2 Macc. 10:27, 33; 11:10; 3 Macc. 1:14; Philip. 1:25).

 (I shall be preparing [getting ready] great [large] gifts [for them],)



${ }^{1}$ Phillips reading: "in this Message (Gospel)." - Variant: "of this Gospel" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "making preparations (providing)."
(by you) $\mid$ -
(I,) (of the house [building], (for the expenses) (

(an account [a reckoning];)
(you word is being [shall be])
(\& w/o)
 (authoritatively [of your own will, freely]) (you shall be entering to me)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ required (sought)." ${ }^{2}$ (RP). $-\{\{\Delta\}\}$ (CAL). - The word: $\leqslant$ is marked to be deleted. ${ }^{3}$ "House" is often also pronounced "bay-ta" (نـה¿). ${ }^{4}$ "calculation, enumeration." - "taking account" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ Cureton Variant: "thought (thinking, reckoning)." ${ }^{6-7}$ Lit. " $\&$ your word shall be ruling and reigning ..." ${ }^{8-9 *}$ Perhaps: "be
you ${ }^{8}$ entering to me en $^{9}$." ${ }^{8-10^{*}}$ "have thou authority ${ }^{10}$ to enter into my presencee ${ }^{91 "}$ (RP). 9 "into my presence" (RP). ${ }^{10}$ "despotically." ${ }^{11}$ "citadel (temple)."

Addai 33:1-22 (CAL) = Addai 1:53-55 (Roger Pearse)





 (\& also their ears had heard,) ,


منُتسب..
 ذيُـدهסט, (their mind [conscience, opinion, reasoning, doctrine])




${ }^{1}$ (Phillips). Roger Pearse has this word in his Translation also. - Cureton omits this word. ${ }^{2}$ بختجْ "Abdu" (Ezra 8:6). ${ }^{3}$ Gar-mai means: "my bones." ${ }^{4}$ Pluperfect (perfect past) form [see the same statement construction at Addai 33:19]. ${ }^{5}$ "made to return (brought back)."




 ${ }^{1}$ Variant reading: "praising." - "they worshipped" (RP).

(\& Avida \& Bar-Calba had come near [approached] to Addai,) (who were chiefs)/\#3\# $/ \#$ ©

 (even Addai, (\#3\#/

 (He was [being] God or he was [being] a god)



(at Him.) בת ([that] ye were gazing)
${ }^{1}$ It seems odd to have a da-lath (?) here. Maybe a typo. (PST) has it though. ${ }^{2}$ Variant Reading \& (RP). - Phillips reading: "are." ${ }^{3}$ "\& clothed with (ذبتّثـ) royal headbands" (RP) - [see also Addai 35:5]. - Variant reading: "\& they put on [3FP]
the head－bands（tiaras，head－dresses）of the king．${ }^{4}{ }^{4}$ ．⿹勹䶹 literally means：＂white things（cloths，clothes，robes，etc．）．${ }^{5-6}$（Phillips）．－＂\＆they asked Addai＂（RP）．
 ＂\＆they were asking him．＂${ }^{7}$ Or－＂family（race，nation，genealogy，generation）．＂8－9 ＂how＂（RP）．${ }^{8-9 *}$ Phillips reading：＂that he should tell them namely，how，when He was［being］God［or a god］．．．＂${ }^{10}$ Manuscript \＃3 adds that word here．－（PST） doesn＇t have كמ again here．



 Or ${ }^{1}$＂refreshing（giving rest to，relieving，pleasing，gratifying，contenting）．＂${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ ． adds．

 （before them，）（he was repeating）



Or Or ${ }^{1}$（Mk．6：20）．－＂pleasantly［with pleasure］（kindly，moderately）．＂${ }^{2}$＂\＆ according to the Christian faith．＂

Addai 34：1－20 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1：55－58（Roger Pearse）

（against him．）（who was rising．up．［standing］） 2 （áv： 2

Or ${ }^{1}$ "was standing against him" $=$ "was resisting him."
(For the glorious things which he was doing were not permitting)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "victories (successes, triumphs, exploits, heroic deeds, praises, splendors, trophies, pomps)." ${ }^{2}$ C. omits.










 $\{\{0\}\}$ ف每 ${ }^{7}$.

 ${ }^{1}$ "Eḅedneḅo" (RS) or the Hebrew pronunciation of "Eved-Nevo (Eḅed-Neḅo)." ${ }^{2}$ Perhaps from the [3MP] PA. verb: לָּ "they tortured (tormented)." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "uprooted," hence: "thrown down." 4 "skilled (skillful, practiced)." "distinguished" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ "celebrated (splendid, magnificent, praiseworthy)." 6-7 (PST) note has the (Cureton) reading as: جـُمد. Maybe he misspelled the $1^{\text {st }}$ word. ${ }^{7}$ Originally oō, but the $2^{\text {nd }} \circ$ is erased. ${ }^{8} \mathrm{C}$. omits.
(\& Addai was receiving them, even all those who were believing -)


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "immersing (dipping, washing)." (who were worshipping stones \& wood things,)



 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ i.e. "stone idols \& wood idols." ${ }^{3}$ (RP) lacks this word. ${ }^{3-4}$ C. omits. ${ }^{5}$ "reformed (reproved)." ${ }^{6}$ "excitability (perturbation)."

 (who were selling soft [tender] things,) ,
 ( $\&$ became disciples [pupils, followers],) 0 )


${ }^{1}$ This can include: "soft couches," "soft stones," "tender branches," "fresh milk," etc. - "silks" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "\& were instructed (taught, educated)." ${ }^{3}$ "gave thanks to (acknowledged)."
(Was compelling [constraining, forcing])
 1 "pressed" (RP).

## Addai 35:1-21 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:58-61 $($ Roger Pearse $)$










 (\& Awashlama) /\#3\# \#


 (\& he was receiving) /\#2\#/\{ \{2\}


(in the Old Testament) ${ }^{7}$ (they were reading)

 (they were meditating on them every day.) ( ${ }^{1}$ (PST) spelling. However, (RP) saw the word Smith's Syriac Dict. also lists that this word also means: "ankle-chains (bangles)." However, name. Also known as Mari ( O ) and Mares ( \&/or Mar (Bishop) Aggai (A $\gamma \gamma \alpha \iota$ ) $)$, who was his spiritual director. ${ }^{3}$ "\& Aḅshelama" (RP). - The name Awashlama means: "thicket of peace" or "a peaceful dense forest." ${ }^{4}$ This name means: "son of the blind man." - "Barsamya" (RP). Perhaps the pronunciation should be: بذهْטُنْ "a son of halting" or "a limping son." 5 2 erased. Read oóन, as in C.'s Text. ${ }^{6}$ Originally $20 \bar{\sigma}$, but 2 erased. The word is not in C. ${ }^{7-9}$ Compare with (Addai 46:8). The Old Testament specifically refers to the "Law of Mosheh" there while the New [Testament] specifically refers to the "Gospel [Four Gospels]."






 (\& from) (which is mixed with adultery, (




(\& from) (which the erring Chaldeans are boasting in;)



Or ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "the murder of wickedness (impiety)." ${ }^{2}$ Lit. "the testimony of falsehood (lies, lying)." ${ }^{3}$ "which was mingled (كبج-ذ) with adultery." 4 " magicians (enchanters, wizards)." - It includes females, i.e. "sorceresses (witches,
 soothsaying (divinations)" (RP). ${ }^{7}$ "lots (portions, oracles)." ${ }^{8}$ "\& the place of birth(s)."
(from you) (\& keep at a distance) (مسجف ) (the hypocrisy ${ }^{2-3}$ of the evil one,) (世
 (by which the innocent [righteous] are being condemned.)

Or ${ }^{1}$ abandon ye (forsake ye, remove ye, put ye away, separate ye)." ${ }^{2-3}$ the putting on the false appearance." Or: "the showing of favoritism (partiality, respect)" or Lit. "the accepting (regarding) of the face (person)." ${ }^{2-4}$ There would probably be no ọ if the statement said: "the hypocrisy which is evil (evil hypocrisy) [ victorious" hence: "the justified (those in the right)." - (PST) spelling, however, (RP) saw the word بجْن" "the pure [ones]."

## Addai 36:1-22 (CAL) = Addai 1:61-62 (Roger Pearse)

بُكِّف، :له 36 Chapter
 (let there not be again [any more] for you another service;)

 Or ${ }^{1 *}$ "for the LORD Himself ( $\circ$ ö́) is the service of your ministry ..."

 (the riches [property, possessions, gains, profits, advantages] of) ( ${ }^{1}$


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "superabundance."

 (the name of That One who was opening [the eyes] of the blind -)
 (we were seeing [had seen].) ?
${ }^{1}$ a a a (Oraham, Syr. Dict.).



 (\& they were ministering) (\& [that] ye are teaching.)








 2 "provided (cared for, sustained)." ${ }^{3}$ "freed men (i.e. freed slaves)" or " men of rank. ${ }^{4} \mathrm{C}$. omits. ${ }^{5}$ "nourishment" (RP).




 ([\&] of the Diatessaron,)
(\& they were believing in the resurrection of the dead,) (\& they were burying their -) (\& (departed [deceased] ones in the hope of the revival [recovery].) ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "but a numerous (great) people." 2 "assembled" - (RP) also. ${ }^{3}$ ERRATA \& (RP). Or perhaps should be צكَّكة, (to the prayers). - (Phillips; CAL) have this word
 $\delta 1 \alpha \tau \varepsilon \sigma \sigma \alpha \rho \omega v$. - The Diatessaron or "the Gospel of the Mixed (Mingled) Ones
 175). Mar Addai was from (AD 55-66). So this text is obviously a later interpolation by a later editor/historian. ${ }^{4}$ C. . .ạ. ${ }^{5}$ "revival" (RP). ${ }^{6}$ "resuscitation (resurrection)."
 (festivals [feasts] of the Church in their times, )



 ${ }^{1}$ (CAL). - plural (RP). - Or: "watch[-ing] (sleeplessness)." 2 "whole (sound)."

## Addai 37:1-22 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:62-65 (Roger Pearse)


 (in the places round about the city,)
(\& many were receiving from him the hand of the priesthood.)
${ }^{1}$ Lit. "\& in the surroundings (suburbs) of the city."

 (were passing through the country of the Romans)




 (of the Assyrians, (\& in the country) و) و


(\& they were making houses of prayers there secretly,)

 Or ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "in the likeness of" hence: "as (like)." ${ }^{3-4}$ "the hand of the priesthood" = "the laying on of the hands" or "the ordination to the priesthood." ${ }^{5-7}$ " \& in their own country of the Assyrians ..." (RP). ${ }^{8}{ }^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{~S}_{\mathrm{s}} \dot{\mathrm{s}}$ "of prayer" (RP). ${ }^{9}$ "fear (alarm, dread)." $10-11$ "the worshippers of fire" $=$ "the Zoroastrians." ${ }^{12} \mathrm{C} .=(\mathrm{RP})$ Translation.

 (that Addai the Apostle [was] doing,) (




 (that he was doing) <\#3\#zöَ>
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "Nersai" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ Apel per (CAL): shall tell (announce, proclaim)." ${ }^{3}$ (RP) has this word in his Translation. - C. omits.





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "action (deed, matter, affair, discourse, argument, generation, genealogy)."


(\& wondered.) (th Or ${ }^{1}$ "amazed (speechless)."





(they [had] crucified) /\#3\#/ حت :


## Addai 38:1-22 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:65-66 (Roger Pearse)













 (when) (the Anointed One, w/o any folly worthy of death,) (signs) (He was doing) (before them) (

 (for them.) (the dead) (He had resurrected) /\#3\#/ Or ${ }^{1} \mathrm{C}$. omits. ${ }^{2}$ "announcing (informing)." ${ }^{3}$ "government." ${ }^{3-5}$ i.e. "your fearful $\mathbb{\&}$ great government ..." 6 "foolishness (foolish deed, transgression, offence, evildoing)." ${ }^{7}$ Roger Pearse has this word in his Translation. - C. omits.


(


 ([passed away, ceased, failed, vanished, waned],) . .

Or ${ }^{1}$ "[had] been darkened (dimmed, obscured, eclipsed)." 2 "had reeled (quivered, shivered)" or "had been shaken (swayed)." - "quailed" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ (RP). ${ }^{3-4}$ Variant Reading: "\& the inhabitants of creation."

تُيּ
(the people) خفض: (against) (that you should command)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "from henceforth."






${ }^{1}$ See Col. 2:5 "sincerity of your faith" (Lamsa).
 وبنحةه. (Pilatus) وَيمهة (the governor [prefect, procurator])


(about them, (my pro-consul, ) (
 ${ }^{1}$ Cureton Variant: "the Jews had dared (acted with boldness)" or "assailed against, (assaulted, fallen suddenly on)." ${ }^{2}$ (RP). ${ }^{3}$ The last part of names with the Greek or Latin ending usually have an .oo "os" or .00" "ows" pronunciation. AKA: "Albinus," who was made governor of Judea by Neron (Nero) in A.D. 62. ${ }^{4}$ (2 Macc. 4:28; Smith's Dict. pg. 103) spelling. - $v \pi \alpha \rho \chi \circ \varsigma$ : "the prefect (procurator, governor of a province)." ${ }^{5}$ (Smith's Dict. pg. 106) spelling. - $\varepsilon \pi \alpha \rho \chi$ oc: "the governor of a province." ${ }^{6}$ Variant: "of them." May not be correct b/c there isn't a noun before it.

${ }^{1}$ i.e. "the Spaniards." ${ }^{2}$ Greek: "Spania." - Latin: "Hispania."

## Addai 39:1-21 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:66-69 $($ Roger Pearse $)$

## 



 (quietness,) (I shall have) (
 بـا (the Jews,) (even against)

 (Prov. 23:35). ${ }^{2}$ "silence (stillness, quiet, calm)."

(who was made a governor by me there,)
(I [have] sent another in his place,) (








(\& it was [also] being right that -)


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "with reproach." ${ }^{2}$ "satisfaction (appeasing, pleasure, will)" or literally: "the rest (calm, quiet)." ${ }^{3}$ Variant: "about Him." ${ }^{4}$ C. omits.
(according to) (But thou, ) (




Or ${ }^{1}$ "firm (strong, legal, valid, lasting, trustworthy, steadfast)."
。





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "replied" (RP). ${ }^{2-3}$ (Phillips) has plural points on both words. Otherwise: "with


(\& was going) 2öَ / \#


 (to Artiqa,) (he was going again) $2 \hat{\sigma}$ ? ? ? Or ${ }^{1}$ (RP) has this word in his Translation. - C. omits. ${ }^{2}$ (RP). ${ }^{3}$ (P'shitta). ${ }^{4}$ "second in command (rank)" or "vicegerent (viceroy, sub-prior)." ${ }^{5}$ "Artica" (RP). Dr. Cureton thinks Artiqa was intended for Ortigia (Ortygia), near to Syracuse \& not far distant from Capreae (Capri); where Tiberius resided.
 (the regions [districts, quarters] round about Caesar [the Emperor].)
${ }^{1}$ خب. (Acts 19:29, etc.). ${ }^{2}$ (PST) has this word.

## Addai 40:1-23 (CAL) $=$ Addai 1:69-71 (Roger Pearse)









 ${ }^{1-3 *}$ Lit. "\& when there was being to him quiet ..." ${ }^{4-5}$ Should be: "who were
 misspelled as: "was [ 20 "ö]."
 (he was rejoicing greatly at this deed,) نَبִب


${ }^{1}$ "as it was right" (RP).
 (the church) (wainerein Addai the Apostle was building)





 לيد هد: (\%

 (\& he was teaching in them they -) (\# ( $\&$ the orders [rites, rituals]) ) ${ }^{6}$ (who were reading the Scriptures,



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "constructed (set in order, provided)." $2^{*}$ "teaching (- the Christian faith) the multitude (greater part) of the populace of the city." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "crowned." 4 "set in
 reading." There is an extra ॰ wow. - "those who should read" (RP). ${ }^{6}$ rules (liturgy, ordinances, liturgical orders, offices, ranks)." ${ }^{7-8}$ "inside \& outside." ${ }^{9}$ "he had been weakened" or "he had become [fallen] sick (failed, languished)." - Perhaps Ithpaal:



(\& had made him) 2öَ © (\& he had brought him near)

 Num. 26:15]. The Greek \& Latin equivalents are: A $\gamma \gamma \alpha \iota \circ$, $A \gamma \gamma(\varepsilon) \imath \varsigma, ~ A \gamma \gamma ı(N u m$. 26:24) and Aggaeus.
(who was a minister [deacon],) 2óv (\& concerning Palut,)




1 "Abshelama" (RP).
 ([men of rank, nobles] \& the leaders were assembled \& were standing by him,)



${ }^{1}$ Phillips Syriac Text \& subsequently (CAL) have the wow (o) that I have seen. (RP's) Translation also shows it. However, George Phillips, D.D. says that the "and [0]" is not in Dr. Cureton's Aramaic Text [though he fails to note that at the bottom of Phillips' Syr. Text] nor is it supported by the Armenian Version. The structure of these verses or statement (message) can also fit what he said in his commentary. * Thus the reading may be "Bar-Calba, the son of Zati ..." ${ }^{2}$ "Sennac" (RP). Perhaps should be pronounced ona "Sniq (needed, needful, necessary)."

## Addai 41:1-22 (CAL) = Addai 1:71-71 (Roger Pearse)

## 

2 2: 2
("Ye are knowing) (Addai the Apostle said to them:)











(we were doing by work [deed] [\&] shall be doing it)
 Or ${ }^{1} \mathrm{C}$. omits. ${ }^{2^{*}}$ "so was I led (guided)." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "that, that thing."
 (which were appointed [set up, ordained]) $<\# 2 \# Z_{2} 2$
\&
 (you,) (were also being governed,



/\#2\# (among you,) (خـتْجهف (am being guided by them)

 جكَ מد: : (which is reserved) (to the promised [counseled] salvation)
 Or ${ }^{1}$ "(liturgical-) orders, rules, rites, regulations, ranks, stations, robes, vestments, ornaments, furniture, equipment." ${ }^{2}$ (RP). - Or: "determined (established)." ${ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$. adds. ${ }^{4}$ "alter (take away)." - "turn aside" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ (Cureton). - It doesn't seem like the passive tense: - $0-\bar{\sigma}$ "I was" (PST) is correct because of the present tense word: $\circ \bar{\circ} \mathrm{\sigma}$ "am." Nevertheless, if the passive tense word somehow augments the present tense word, then the statement would be: * "as I also was being guided by them. "as I myself also have been guided by them ..." (RP). ${ }^{6}$ (RP). ${ }^{7}$ "been declared alien (strange, foreign)" or "been alienated (removed, dispossessed) from" or "renounced (disowned, rejected, abstained)."








 (cease from your mouth,)
 (come near you in prayer $a t$ the appointed [stated] times.) Or ${ }^{1+}[\mathrm{MS} \# 3]^{2}$ "behaviors (habits, rites, uses)." ${ }^{3}$ "despicable (despised, of no value, scorned, disdained, neglected, neglectful, disregarded)." 2-3 "with habits bringing contempt" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ "negligence (reluctance)." - "inability to act" (CAL). ${ }^{5}$ (RP). - C. rightly. ${ }^{6}$ "touch."

(\& to the teaching) (which ye are holding,)

 Or ${ }^{1}$ "eternal life."

Addai 42:1-22 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:71-73 $($ Roger Pearse $)$






 Or ${ }^{1}$ "committing (entrusting, giving the benediction)." ${ }^{2}$ "throne (pulpit, stand)." ${ }^{3}$ "ye are being inquired (asked) by Him" or "ye are being avenged by Him" or "ye are being required (compelled, exacted) by Him." ${ }^{4}$ (Phillips) \& ís "her" (CAL). ${ }^{5}$ i.e. "priests (kings, queens, rulers, leaders)." ${ }^{6}$ "ecclesiastics of superior rank or authority (prelates, pontiffs)" (Oraham). Also - "chief pastors (bishops)" or "disciples" (Smith's Syr. Dict.). Also: "clerics (shepherds in training, leaders)" (CAL). ${ }^{7}$ "exorbitant interest." ${ }^{8}$ "possessions (properties, increases)."




 (\& shall be judging) (of justice,) /\#2\#\#2
 1 "a kingdom" (RP). ${ }^{2-3}=$ " $\underline{a}$ (the) just (righteous) throne."


(the upper height be closed,)
(that your offences [stumbling-blocks] shall not multiply)



${ }^{1}$ I've also seen this word pronounced خمبش¿2 (Ps. 81:7). ${ }^{2-4}$ "from the height above"
 in the Ithpeel form, its spelling should be: يمحمي "let it [not] be closed." 6 "a pathless desert [trackless waste]" or "a place w/o clearly marked roads (desert)." 7 i.e. "in [the secret eye's] paths" [FS].


 Or ${ }^{1}$ "erring (falling into error, being led into the wrong way, forgetting)." 2 "shall be found."



(the sheep [ewes] of the Anointed One are being required [exacted, claimed].) Or ${ }^{1}$ "broken (fractured, bruised)" or "defeated (dismayed, weakened)." 2 "avenged."



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "Christian community (diocese)."
 [care, providence, forethought] for the young [little] lambs be great,)



 (the way [road]) 2 (those who clear away [throw stones aside from]) (



 Or ${ }^{1}$ "solicitude" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "childish (infantile, innocent, simple, silly, stupid)." ${ }^{3 *}$ "behold the face of the invisible Father" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ i.e. "those who make [a road] plain or smooth." ${ }^{5-6}$ "difficult country" (RP). ${ }^{6}$ ín can also mean: "hard (rough, obstinate, perverse, grievous). ${ }^{7}$ C. omits.

Addai 43:1-23 (CAL) = Addai 1:73-74 (Roger Pearse)

## 

2: 2

 (ye are being silent [ceasing, desisting, dwelling in peace],) , تُبـر , . ــد
 (the truth [right, justice, rectitude]) /\#2\#2incora
 Or ${ }^{6}$ "sides (factions)." 7-9 "there is war for you." 10 "form (figure, countenance)." ${ }^{11}$ "well-behaved, modest [i.e. clothed] (Mk. 5:15), chaste, sober, religious."
(striking [slapping, buffeting, beating]) S

 (for the severe scourging [castigation, stripe, punishment, -]) ([torment, pain] of their poverty is being sufficient for them.) Or ${ }^{1}$ "treating with insolence." ${ }^{2}$ "infliction" (RP). - Or: "lashing" or "scourge (thong)." - Perhaps the word دبُجّن "dragging, lengthening."




(that ye were wearing [clothed with],) , خـ: (for denial [rejection, apostasy] is easier) هتبه

Or ${ }^{1}$ "reckonings (intentions, designs, councils)." - "cogitations" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ "bare (exposed, unarmed, unadorned, simple, deprived)." - "stripped naked" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "had put on" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ "infidelity (impiety)."


(that ye shall not be responsible for) ,






 Or ${ }^{1}$ "take warning." ${ }^{2}$ (PST) but "that" (RP). Perhaps he saw the letter o. ${ }^{3}$ (RP). * Perhaps it literally says: "that you should not seek (demand, require, desire) the blood of the Anointed One with them." ${ }^{4}$ genealogy (generation, action, affair, deed, subject, argument, discourse)." 5 هढَ "it" (Phillips; CAL).

 (\& the ascension of) (\& His resurrection [rising up]) (












## Addai 44:1-25 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:74-76 (Roger Pearse)



خجُدهס, (in their nature) هذذهם (Flee ye)

جِلجَّ






 (if they didn't exist.) (as) (\& ${ }^{1-2^{*}}$ "\& as reported ${ }^{1}$ to you before, the whole object ${ }^{2}$.." (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "motion [of the eyebrows] (hint, dark saying, suggestion, symbol, glance)" or metaph. "the will (command)." - "nod" (RP). ${ }^{4}$ "dissolves" (RP). ${ }^{5-7}$ Literally: "as they were not."

 (the yoke) ([that] He should be setting men free)

Or ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "of the One creating (Creator of)." ${ }^{2}$ "freeing." * Perhaps: "was freeing (freed) men from the yoke ..." (RP).






 Or ${ }^{1}$ "the ruins (ruined places)."




لذهبهـL
(he [also] accuses \& judges that word ${ }^{3}$ of that ${ }^{2}$ Spirit of God.) Or ${ }^{1}$ "it [oَّ]" (CAL). ${ }^{2}$ "blames (finds fault, lodges a complaint)."

(are upright [directed, right], (the LORD) (




(that mind) $\circ$ (of the secret mind [reasoning, thinking, opinion],)


(loss [want, harm, damage].) صـ : Or ${ }^{1}$ "far be this from you (let this not be from you, God forbid this from you)." 2 "honest (straight, guided aright." 3 "letting others fall into sin." Or: Ithpe. "are stumbling" (RP). This word's Ithpeel form is usually (or should be) spelled: $\underset{\sim}{\text { onanarang. }}$ thoughtellect (conscience, doctrine, purpose, judgment)." 5 "a fine (penalty, confiscation, expense)."




 (children of men are being tried [proved] by it.) Or ${ }^{1}$ "marks out a boundary around (sets a limit to; limits, borders, confines, keeps within bounds; forbids, restricts, inhibits, settles)."



Or ${ }^{1}$ "lodgers (strangers, foreigners)." 2 "spending [passing] the night (remaining all night)."

$$
\text { Addai 45:1-24 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:76-78 (Roger Pearse) }
$$



 بְبَبيج (even He who shall prepare [the places])
 Or ${ }^{3-5}$ i.e. "ye have reckoned (considered)." ${ }^{6}$ "going forth" (RP).




 لفَّنةتَ- (for His servants [soldiers, workers, worshippers])


 (the children of men;) (but) (t)
(His worshippers) (that they should be) ,
 ${ }^{1-3^{*}}$ Lit. "that they should be to Him worshippers \& praisers" = "that they should be those who worship Him and those who praise [Him]."
(He doesn't pass away, ) (B/c just as) (those who are -) ( (glorifying [praising] Him are also not ceasing.)
(these things) (b/cof) of

Or ${ }^{1-3}$ Lit. "He isn't passing away " $4-6$ "nor are His praisers ceasing." ${ }^{6}$ "coming to naught [an end]." ${ }^{7-8}$ Mar Addai may be saying that $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ Isho went away to prepare "dwelling-places (habitations, etc.)" for God's praisers \& b/c of the fact that God doesn't pass away, we can know that believers will not cease to exist. Those are the "things" he may be talking about. - (RP) puts these two words at the beginning of the next verse \& translates them as: "Wherefore." ${ }^{7-8}$ Perhaps: "b/c these [are like Him]." $4-8$ "... nor are His glorifiers, $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ these things are ceasing."





 (his) sickness." ${ }^{2-4}$ i.e. "ye esteemed it before your eyes." ${ }^{2-4}$ Roger Pearse may have saw the word: "let it be (200) esteemed in your eyes."
 (death passed away \& ceased, (the Son,) (the


 (the true [trustworthy, steadfast] ones,) $: \stackrel{2 \cdot x^{2}}{ }{ }^{2}$ (the truth.) (that they may be) ?
${ }^{1}$ (RP). - (Phillips; CAL) probably have this word misspelled as: $\sigma$ an ọ "his death." ${ }^{2}$ "genuine (faithful, strong)." * "... death, which takes away the children of men, passed away \& ceased; ..." - (RP) arrangement.


 (the furrows [trenches] shall not be straight)

 (be ye) ? (of the ministry,) (




${ }^{1-2}$ Lit. "the sword of the plough (yoke)." ${ }^{3-4}$ Lit. "the furrows are not being found straight" hence "the furrows are not occurring (cannot be) straight." ${ }^{5}$ 4.". ${ }^{6}$ "vigilant (watchful, careful)." 7 "held back (stopped, impeded)." ${ }^{8-10}$ "as to that to" (RP).


(who are coming near ${ }^{2-3}$ to this faith, be ye loving them,)
(ye shall not be accepting) , نيّ (while)



${ }^{1}$ The two dots may indicate missing text - i.e. "as." Otherwise, they may be an error in Phillips' Syriac Text and hence also on (CAL). There are two other places (49:5, 52:19) where two dots also appear at; but I left them out there b/c I was certain that they didn't stand for any missing letters. ${ }^{2}$ Or "who are approaching (being brought near)." - "who have embraced" (RP). ${ }^{3-6}$ "ye shall not be regarding their outward appearance" or "... show favoritism to them" or "... be respecting
their persons" or "... show partiality to them" or "be putting on a false appearance (a hypocrite)." * "although do not simulate in any thing" (RP). ${ }^{7}$ "going astray (causing to fall; being offensive, injuring, doing wrong)." - "sinning" (RP). ${ }^{8}$ Also: "arguing a cause" (Acts 25:16).

## Addai 46:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:78-79 (Roger Pearse)


 (the confidence [boldness, openness])
 11
 (their souls.) ( نقتَجْهف

10 "liberty (freedom of speech, familiarity)." 11 "receive reproof (be admonished)."







${ }^{1-2}$ Lit. "shall be to you."

(which ye are reading) (\& כִּגֹּ,


0~2


 (them,) (Ephesus;) ©





 (which ye are holding [taking hold of, retaining, keeping]) .

 Usually spelled: soos: ${ }^{4}$ "taking possession of." * Commentary: This section substitutes the "Old Testament" with the "Law" \& the "New [Testament]" with the "Gospel" from (Addai 35:9-11). "The Prophets" (Addai 35:9; 46:8) also include the division known as the "Writings (Scriptures) in past \& present Judaism. I think "the Prophets" also include the "Prophets" who wrote the Deuterocanonical Books as well. Paulus alludes to the Books of Yudith \& Maccabees. Compare (Heb. 11:34-35) with (Judith 15:1-4, 6-7; 1 Maccabees chapter 7). Pope Clement I (Phil. 4:3) also narrates from Ihudith (Yudith) as if it is Scripture (1st Clement Ch. 55). The New Testament Canon isn't complete here b/c the Church chose the Books that were the oldest \& were recognized to be from the Apostles. Debates were made \& the Authentic Ones became part of our Canon. The Listing here leaves out James (Yaaqoḅ), but we know that the Church of the East recognized that Letter as
from him \& is part of the original P'shitta Canon. "Acts" \& "The Doctrine of Addai" also mention Yaaqob as being the leader of the Church (Addai 11:3-16; 12:4-7). - Ihudah (Jude) probably has the least support for its inclusion in the New Testament based on New Testament Books. However, we know why Ihudah \& $2^{\text {nd }}$ Petros were disputed. It was $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ of their quotation or allusion to 1 Hanoch [Enoch] at (Jude 1:14-15; 2 Pet. 2:4). That shouldn't be a valid reason to exclude those books b/c the (Genesis 5:24) Targum, (Jubilees 21:10 [14]) \& (Ben Sira 44:16) all seem to indicate that 1st Hanoch is Scripture. Any discrepancies with 1 Hanoch are probably due to mistranslation.






 (\& I have not acquired [obtained] anything with His message [word]) (in the world.) حت: تخلفً

Or ${ }^{1}$ (RP) mistook this word for: :ُجذּ! "I have preached."


 (it shall accompany [follow, go with, pursue) (me) لبـ (ine)



${ }^{1}$ "was enriched." ${ }^{2}$ Ithpe. (CAL). However, this word could be in the Ithpaal form:
 18:4; Acts 17:15; Jer. 50:5). - Roger Pearse perhaps saw or was thinking of the words يفید لبـ "it shall lift (hang) me up" or "it shall suspend me." ${ }^{3-4}$ Lit. "which I am girding myself" hence also: "which I am going (-away, -on a journey)" or "departing (walking abroad)." - "going forth" (RP). ${ }^{5-6}$ Literally. - Perhaps: "who had sent [word (someone)] after me." " "who had sent for [summoned] me" - also (Smith's Dict.). ${ }^{7}$ "journey (travel, proceed on the way, move along)."

## Addai 47:1-25 (CAL) = Addai 1:79-79 (Roger Pearse)

## 







 (b/c) ont (the mind [knowledge, intelligence] of the soul doesn't cease,)

 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ "that I said to you." ${ }^{3}$ "are not dead ( 2 )." 4 "but" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ "lodgings (inns, abodes, habitations)." ${ }^{6}$ "quiet [cessation]" (CAL). ${ }^{7}$ "understanding" (RP). ${ }^{8}$ "understanding." 9 "shown forth (figured, etc.)."




 misspelled as: feminine but I don't think it is referring to it here because of the following
 more likely that the wow was mistaken for a yoḍ. It's probably referring to "the image of God," but nevertheless, all of the previous words تْ


(be receiving hire [wage, payment, fee, fare] \& reward [recompense])




Or ${ }^{1}$ oب̣ (Phillips) or "it [ 0 © $]$ " (CAL). Probably in error.

 (any benefit [advantage, gain, profit; in vain) Or ${ }^{1}$ "feeling remorse." - "becoming penitent" (RP edit).



شيذّ (He shall be directing [correcting]) لجف, (you) حتْذشُـ (in the way)





 Or ${ }^{1}$ "whose." 2 "follow closely (overtake, come upon, seize, apprehend,
 tread upon (come upon, arrive)." 3 "-4 "was promised" \& "was kept."
 عَب (\& Or ${ }^{1}$ "kept silent (held his peace, stopped talking [1 Ezra 3:23], ceased)."






 (\& you caused us to possess).

 : 2 zx. Though Smith's Syriac Dictionary does list that this word means: "chains (ankle-chains, bangles);" it more properly means: "bracelets" (Num. 31:50; Ezek. 16:11; 23:42; 27:16). "Esi is the better word for: "ankle-chains (bangles)" [Num. 31:50]. ${ }^{3}$ The name פְּוּוּ (Heb. Pass. Part.) means: "escapee (escaped one)." 4 (Phillips; CAL) probably have this word misspelled as: ${ }^{2}$ ho " $\&$ he was saying" or . 2.0 " $\&$ he said." 5 "bestowed to us (imparted to us, conferred to us, put us in possession, enabled us to win)."




 (\& of creatures,) (of things made) (of (which ....................................
${ }^{1}$ Lit. "created things" (RP).

## Addai 48:1-20 (CAL) = Addai 1:79-82 (Roger Pearse)

بيفكّف، : مس 48 Chapter


 (from you,) میثـ (which we were receiving) (\& this inheritance,)



Or ${ }^{1}$ (RP). ${ }^{2}$ Literally: "we are not being mixed with (mixed by marriage, having intercourse with; associating with, having to do with, having dealings with, making


 "leaving (failing, neglecting)" or "allowing [weakening]." ${ }^{5}$ oธ் "it, he" (CAL).



 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ Lit. "the throne of [حـر] judgment." 2 "restore (give back, grant)."


 (of his kingdom,) بִبكدب: (\& all of the nobles)
 (while) (all of them -) مڭْمب. (b/c he was dying.) (wor
(to him) (\& he was sending) 2 )








 Or ${ }^{1}$ Only MS\#3 adds this word. ${ }^{2}$ "chief (fine, finest, admirable)." - "costly" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ (PST) \& (RP) don't have these bracketed words in his translation. However, they
say: "[neither now in my death shall I be taking from you anything]." - C. adds those word. ${ }^{4}$ "unfaithful (lying, deceiving, acting deceitfully [treacherously])." - "I
 (Phillips; CAL).

? ? (the Apostle,) (Addai) (by) ( (\& was receiving) (\& he [Abgar] was hearing) 2óvo


 (of [from]) (he was going out [had departed]) /\#3\#/ on on

 (of the month Iyar (May.) /\#2\#\#

Or ${ }^{1^{*}}$ Lit. "\& after three other ${ }^{1}$ days." ${ }^{2}$ Iyar / Iyor (Syriac Pronunciation) answers to the greater part of May to us, but begins earlier (Smith's Syr. Dict. pg. 14). ${ }^{2-3^{*}}$ This is what George Phillips may have meant in regard to the original (PST) \& the variant Cureton reading. Nevertheless, (CAL) has it right like Mr. Phillips indicates; though the text is written awkward \& doesn't make sense as:

 50 - c. 66).
 (in great mourning \& in bitter suffering [passion] over [b/c of] him;)

$$
\text { Addai 49:1-23 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:82-82 (Roger Pearse) }
$$

 ([who] were distressed [out of heart, grieving]) (مخْب, د: :

 (even in this walled city [fortified place].) (דجذجّ شَّ
${ }^{1}$ (PST; CAL) probably have this word misspelled as: «öन "was."

(he) ه $\bar{c}$ (was more sorrowful for him than every person,)





Or ${ }^{1}$ "lamentable (sorrowful, sad, miserable; groaning, sighing)."


 2öَ




(which) (that) of (with decorated engravings [carvings],)



Or ${ }^{1}$ "moving (lifting up, elevating, bearing)." ${ }^{2-3}$ Lit. "of the engravings (embossings) of decoration (ornament)." - "of ornamental sculpture" (RP). ${ }^{3}$
 word \& this adjective construction) at (Ezek. 26:16; 27:7). So I think the word should be singular. However, (Phillips; CAL) list this word in the plural ?يّبְּ "of ornaments" (i.e. ornamental). ${ }^{4}$ King Aryu was the $1^{\text {st }}$ king who reigned in Urhay/Osroene - from 132-127 B.C. Twenty-nine ruling kings succeeded him, up to AD 242 - spanning ~ 273 years. "King Abgar V the Black" [4BC-7AD \& 13-50 $\mathrm{AD}]$ was the $12^{\text {th }} \& 14^{\text {th }}$ Successor. There were a lot of short rules. One king coruled for only two years with another king before Abgar V. Another later king coruled for only 4 years.



 (diligently [carefully],) (there) (\& watin were praying)
 (of his death [departure, transference, removal, conveyance])








 ${ }^{1-3}$ i.e. "which they received from him ..." * Mar Aggai (c. 66-c. 81).



## Addai 50:1-21 $(\mathrm{CAL})=$ Addai 1:82-83 (Roger Pearse)

بولكّف :

 (the Apostle,) x (even of Addai) (like him,

 ? (of the Apostle of) (ạ (a good \& faithful heir [possessor]) (the worshipped Messiah.) : Or ${ }^{1}$ Only ${ }^{2}$ ²ay may also mean here: "in like manner (according) to him" ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$. omits
(\& the gifts) (he was not taking,) 2ōَ


 ([making to abound] the Church of the Anointed One with the souls -) (But all of the military post) (of the faithful ones.)
 (were being modest [chaste, sober, abstinent) oō


(\& they were dwelling solitarily \& modestly)

(nobly [honorably, worthily, chastely], ? ? (in their care [pains, diligence]) , (11



Or ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "standing" (2 Chron. 9:4), "covenant, etc." Perhaps: "military post (station, garrison);" but there is a better word for that. ${ }^{1-3}$ "But all the chiefs" (RP). Roger Pearse says that "chiefs" is the rendering in the Armenian Version. ${ }^{1-3}$ However, it doesn't appear that Roger Pearse's translation is correct. ییِ means "all of it." The "it" part doesn't get translated but lets us know that "military post" is singular \& not plural. If Roger was thinking that the first word is a corruption of: (sumerintendent, etc.);" that word would still be singular \& not plural as: "chiefs." 4 "religious (pious)" or "controlling themselves (refraining for shame)." ${ }^{5}$ Literally \& hence - "shining (splendid, glorious, noble, honorable, revered)." - "decorous" (RP). ${ }^{6}$ Lit. "singly (alone, apart, by oneself)" hence: "as a solitary [hermit]." 7 "discreetly (soberly)." ${ }^{8}$ "stain (defilement)." 9 "vigilance (diligence, attention, watch)." ${ }^{10}$ "decorously" (RP). ${ }^{11-12}$ Lit. "in the taking of their
load (burden)" hence: "in their undertaking." Hence: "in their charge (trouble)." "in their carefulness" (RP).










(which was not joined ${ }^{9}$ [enslaved] by greed ${ }^{8}$,)
 (under [subjected to] ${ }^{10}$ blame [accusation, censure] ${ }^{11}$.) Or ${ }^{1}$ "steps [ways]" (see pl. - Sira 43:5; 1 Jn. 2:6). The Chaldean singular pronunciation is: (Wis. 15:15). The Syriac voweling is: [manners, customs, agreements, governments, administrations, orders, rules]." ${ }^{3}$ "clothed [arrayed, bearing, wearing]." ${ }^{4}$ Lit. / or: "dividing [distributing]." ${ }^{5}$ "venerable." ${ }^{6}$ "liberty (freedom of speech, familiarity)." ${ }^{7}$ C. omits. ${ }^{8}$
 "[made-] subject to blame." ${ }^{10-14^{*}}$ Or: "\& it didn't include [contain] blame."



(their welfare;) (that he should honorably inquire of)

1* "that he might honourably salute them" (RP).

## Addai 51:1-23 (CAL) = Addai 1:83-85 (Roger Pearse)

## 



2 "with honor (reverentially)" - [see previous split verse above].
(For their words of peace ${ }^{2}$ were spread like ${ }^{1}$ nets)


 Or ${ }^{1}$ Lit. "in the likeness of." ${ }^{2}$ "tranquility ( a treaty of peace, a truce)." ${ }^{3}$ (see 2 Cor.
 surrounded by a wall, pastoral village; an enclosure, encampment for flocks." $4-5=$ "the true fold."







${ }^{1}$ (RP). ${ }^{2}$ Or - "shrinking with fear, shame or modesty" or "quailing (being timid [afraid])." It can also mean: "shrinking from admitting or believing" and "abhorring [them]." ${ }^{3}$ Lit. "in that not" hence: "b/c not." ${ }^{4}$ "rightly." From b .. - "becoming" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ "this" (RP).


 (\& the hearers) (it in themselves by works;)

 (by them,) , os (were becoming students) (

 (to Him.) (who had caused them to turn) ( Or ${ }^{1}$ "advising." - "directing" (RP). ${ }^{2}$ i.e. "that thing." ${ }^{3}$ "being instructed (taught, educated)." ${ }^{4}$ "... Christ the king" (RP). ${ }^{5}$ "confessing (acknowledging, asserting, affirming)." 6 "who made them return (brought them back, had turned them)."
 (one of his rebellious sons had arose,) هُ






Or ${ }^{1}$ Manu V (50-57 AD) \& Manu VI (57-71 AD). Manu VI was the son who sent someone to harm Overseer Aggai. ${ }^{2}$ "obeying (consenting)." - "obedient" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ Perhaps: "be making for me ..." 4 "tiaras."




 (head-bands [tiaras] of evil things [ones].") /\#2\#2:2

Or ${ }^{1}$ "leaving out (neglecting, renouncing, deserting)." 2 "Mar Addai" or "Bishop Addai I" (c. 50-66). Reference: "Addai of Edessa" [en.wikipedia.org]. ${ }^{3-4}$ The alternate Cureton voweling is: "a headband of evil" or "an evil headband." "headbands of wickedness" (RP).



(\& was interpreting [translating].) (in the church) (
${ }^{1}$ (RP) has the word "and" in his Translation. ${ }^{2+}[\mathrm{MS} \# 3] .{ }^{3}$ "expounding" (RP). "preaching (delivering a homily [eulogy])." - Otherwise, these letters also look like the word مییּذيد "\& he was being stoned (subjected to stone-throwing)."
-ْبیِ (\& when)

Addai 52:1-22 (CAL) = Addai 1:85-87 (Roger Pearse)



(place ye me in it \& bury ye me, behold, for the sake of His name, I am dying.) Or ${ }^{1}$ Mar Aggai is believed to have sat from c. 66-81 [or 87]. He has a "start date or floruit" of: c. 190. ${ }^{2+}$ [MS\#3]. ${ }^{3}$ "bound by an oath." ${ }^{4}$ AKA: Mari. The next "primate (archbishop)" or successor (c. 81 [87] - 120). Reference: ("Saint Mari" en.wikipedia.org). Start Date or Floruit: c. 200 ("List of Bishops of Edessa" en.wikipedia.org). ${ }^{5}$ Correct spelling for (2MP). The variant Cureton reading is the (2MS) imperative form.








 M- هبִ Or ${ }^{2+}[M S \# 3] .{ }^{1-4}$ "which had been" (RP). ${ }^{5 *}$ "when [he], even Addai the Apostle died ..." ${ }^{5+}$ [MS\#3].


 (that he should place) (he had not been able)


Or ${ }^{1}$ "suddenly" (RP). ${ }^{3}$ i.e. "to place."
(He, even Palut was going) +
(\& (to Antioch,)
 (Serapion,) .


¹ (Acts 11:20, 22, 26), (Acts 6:5), (Acts 11:19; 13:1; 14:25 [26]). ${ }^{2}$



Commentary: Palut probably literally received the hand of the priesthood from: Ignatius, the Overseer of Antioch, Syria (c. 58-107 OR c. 83-115). He died c. 108 (Eusebius) or c. 135-140 (Pervo).
(Serapion, he who was also) (That man) ه́ (
 (the hand of Zephyrinus was received by him,) (an :
 (from) (of the city Rome,) (of the hand) (the succession [series, course, tradition, custom])


 ([for] twenty-five) (in Rome) (the (the Bishop there)


${ }^{1}$ (PST) plus (RP) has this word in his Translation. *Serapion was the Patriarch of Antioch, Syria [or Antioch, Turkey] from (191-211 AD). He died in 211 AD. His Feast Day is October 30th. ${ }^{2^{*}}$ "received the hand from Zephyrinus, the Bishop of the city of Rome," (RP). ${ }^{3}$ Zephyrinus was the Bishop of Rome from 199 AD until his death on Dec. 20, 217. ${ }^{4}$ "who was there Bishop of Rome twenty-five years,"


(in the kingdom) (the custom is) (\&




 Or ${ }^{1-2}$ "\& as is the custom in the kingdom of Abgar the king," (RP). ${ }^{3}$ "habit (rite, use)." ${ }^{4}$ C. adds. - (RP) also has these additional bracketed words. ${ }^{5-6}$ Lit. "in the place of remembrance" (CAL). ${ }^{6}$ Perhaps should be plural - CF: 53:4; though (PST; CAL) have it in the singular.

$$
\text { Addai 53:1-8 }(\mathrm{CAL})=\text { Addai 1:87-87 }(\text { Roger Pearse })
$$

## 




(to the end.) حـمْكْفَ (the beginning) (from)


(Hannan, the Tabularius, was also placing the hand of the testimony,)









1 "the collector or registrar of tribute (Smith's Syr. Dict., Oraham). - "the keeper of the archives (Roger Pearse elsewhere). ${ }^{2}$ Lit. "someone trustworthy (true, genuine, faithful, steadfast, loyal, just, honest, upright)," hence: "a confidential servant, commissioner, prefect." Not a counterfeit. Someone steady in adhering to friends, promises or the like. - "Sharrir" (RP). ${ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$. omits. ${ }^{4-5^{*}}$ "\& the contracts of those who buy and sell are kept there with care, ..." (RP). Roger Pearse added the words: "the contracts of" to make the statement make sense. ${ }^{6}$ "with prudence (heed, admonition)" or "securely." ${ }^{7}$ Lit. "despising."
(THE DOCTRINE OF ADDAI THE APOSTLE WAS FINISHED ${ }^{1}$ ) Or ${ }^{1}$ "WAS CONCLUDED [CAME TO AN END]" (CAL). - Perhaps should be: "The whole of (خفّف)) the Doctrine of Addai the Apostle."

## APPENDIX 1

1．THE ALPHABET（Chaldean Pronunciation）

| NAME | ESTRANGELA SCRIPT | HEBREW SCRIPT | ENGLISH EQUIVALENT | NUMBER <br> VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sti＇or git Alap | ： | $\aleph$ | a | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { - } \\ & \text { Beth } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{\text { a }}$ | ב，ヨ | b，w | 2 |
| كـُ <br> Gamal | $\xrightarrow{\text { ，}}$ | ： | $\mathrm{g}, \mathrm{g}$（gh） | 3 |
| S？ <br> Dalath | 2，？ | 7 | d，d（dh） | 4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \pi \\ & \mathrm{He} \end{aligned}$ | $\sigma$ | $\pi$ | h | 5 |
| ozo or oo <br> Wow | 。 | 1 | w | 6 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\sim}{!} \\ & \text { Zayn } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ， | i | z | 7 |
| Kheth or <br> Heth | $\cdots$ | $\Pi$ | kh，h | 8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{+}{4} \\ & \text { Teth } \end{aligned}$ | t | $\bullet$ | t | 9 |
|  <br> Yod | － | ， | y | 10 |
|  | － |  | hard＂c＂ <br> （like＂k＂sound） | 20 |
| كap <br> Lamad | 」 | $ל$ | 1 | 30 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { مباد } \\ & \text { Mim } \end{aligned}$ | $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ ， | －， | m | 40 |


| $$ | * ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2 | n | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  <br> Simcath | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | S | 60 |
| is or Ain, E, etc. | د | v | silent or "a" sound | 70 |
| $$ | s | $\geq$ | p | 80 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 ? \stackrel{3 n}{x} \\ & \text { Ṣade } \end{aligned}$ | $\checkmark$ |  | s | 90 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Qor } \\ \text { Qop } \end{array}$ | $\therefore$ | P | q | 100 |
| ذـد or ذبـد <br> Resh or Rish | ; | 7 | r | 200 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \mid r \\ \text { Shin } \end{array}$ | $x$ | ש, | sh | 300 |
| ozín or oi <br> Tow | A, A | 5, $\%$ | t, th | 400 |

The Assyrian Pronunciations of the same 22 Letters are: Allap, Bit, Gammal, Dallat, Hi, Wow, Zayn, Khet (Het), Tet, Yud, Cap, Lammad, Mim, Nun, Simcat, E, Pe, Ṣadi, Qop, Resh, Shin, Tow. Assyrian never pronounces the "Tow letter" soft with a "th" sound.

## 2. THE SEVEN VOWELS

| NAME | ESTRANGELA | HEBREW | ENGLISH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | " | . | a (as in father) |
| Zqapa |  |  |  |
| كٌ |  | - | a |
| Pthakha |  |  |  |
|  Zlama Pshiqa | * |  | i (as in sit" |


|  Zlama Qashya | " | . | e (as in they) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ذ ذ ذ <br> Rwakha | - | \& | 0 |
|  | $\stackrel{\square}{\circ}$ | \& | u |
| Hwasa | $\rightarrow$ | '. | i (as in marine) |

## 3. SOME PICTURES OF THE CHARACTERS



Tiberius was the second Roman emperor, reigning from 18
September 14 AD to 16 March $\underline{37}$ AD.

Claudius was a Roman emperor from AD 41 to 54.


Messalina holding her son Britannicus. Claudius' wife from AD 38-48.


Neron (Nero) was the last Roman emperor of the Julio-Claudian dynasty. He was adopted by his great-uncle Claudius and became Claudius' heir and successor. Reign: 13 October 54 AD - 9 June 68 AD.


Now when Hannan, the keeper of the archives*, had seen that Yeshua was speaking thus to him, because he was [also] the king's painter, he had taken and painted the image of Yeshua with choice pigments, and he had brought [it] with him to Abgar the king, his lord. And when Abgar the king had seen that image, he had received it with great joy, and had placed it with great honor in one of the rooms of his palaces.
—Doctrine of Addai, 4:20-23; 5:1-4 [1:13]
This image is known as: "the Mandylion ['o $\mu \alpha v \delta u \lambda ı o v] ; "$ which means: "the cloth (towel)."

Or * the tabularius (revenue collector)." The related Latin word tabularium means: "archives." Another related Latin word: tabula, means: "board (plank, writing-tablet, picture, painting, writing document, record, note, register, list, contract, will, account-book)."

## 4. Commentary

(Addai 20:23) "Therefore these things which we are saying are written in the Scriptures and in the Prophets ..." The threefold designation of the Tanach is the Torah (Instruction, Law), the Scriptures and the Prophets. The Cețuvim (Scriptures [Books, Writings]) consisted of Thirteen Books. They are the "Psalms, Proverbs, Job, Song of Songs, Ruth, Lamentations, Ecclesiastes, Esther, Daniel, Ezra, Neḥemiah, 1st \& 2nd Chronicles."

## 5. Old Syriac Inscriptions (4th-5th c.)

Chapter 12 : ,
 ${ }^{1}$ It's interesting that Arabic numerals / English Cardinal numbers are used. The
 (of the fortress [fort, castle, palace])
 (the son of) [
${ }^{1}$ One who takes care of, brings up, rears, tends to" i.e. "foster-father," "fostermother, nurse" (when fs), etc.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 2 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Or ${ }^{1}$ Perhaps:

بــيـ (the hand of) جد (every)


 (--- -- ----).


${ }^{1}$ Or

${ }^{1}$ Perhaps the name بَتْبْ or






? ?

$$
\text { خذذ (years) تَبـر (a son [man] of) } 90
$$





${ }^{1}$ Usually spelled: 3 . 3 . - It's the same spelling as the word: unclean bird, perh. a kite or vulture." ${ }^{2}$ (CAL). Or - خִجُ̣ "servant."

${ }^{1}$ Or بَبْـ" "he polluted (defiled, corrupted, deflowered, pronounced or declared unclean)." (CAL) lists this word as: بـْ ' "thigh (hip)." I don't think that is reasonable to believe that $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ that word is usually spelled

 ................] (by him) (they shall not be found) (t








${ }^{1}$ (CAL) lists this word as a Geographic name. The spelling is the Hebrew pronunciation [i.e. עֲׁרָב or שֶרַב]. Usually "Arabia" is spelled and pronounced:


 ${ }^{1}$ Or ${ }^{2}$. ${ }^{2}$ (CAL) says the words are "Personal names. Shwar means: "he jumped (leaped)." This person's name could have been pronounced either Shawar "he was jumping" or Shur - "a wall" as well. - It possibly could be the Desert region: Shod [i.e. Hebrew: Shur] (Gen. 25:18; Ex. 15:22; 1 Sam. 15:7).
(his good thing) (\& they made) (



 or "a statue (idol)."



 ${ }^{1-2}$ Or - "I made (

" = = "this bedchamber."


 حت : حد
${ }^{1}$ Or - "making costive, astringent" (Smith's Syr. Dict). - Or: "tightening, constricting" (CAL).


